THE
"PIRATE OF THE AIR"
AT
WEST END
CINEMA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913.

WEST END
THE COOLEST & THE MOST COMFORTABLE THEATRE IN BOMBAY.

VOL. V NO. 236 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1917. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

STEAMERS of the P. & O. Co., will be despatched to London at frequent intervals calling at Aden, Port Said and Marseilles.

The BRITISH INDIA Co. will despatch Mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf and East and South African ports at frequent intervals.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. and O. and B. I., sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

For Sailings and Freight apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
BOMBAY BRANCH
Alice Buildings, Fort,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE.—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet 128 Vessels. Gross Tonnage 819.057.

Steamers will be despatched at regular intervals to Japan via Singapore and Hong-Kong.

For freight and other particulars regarding sailing, etc., please apply to the Undersigned.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent.
Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE
GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY
Prof. JAMES'
Electro Tonic Pearls

These Pills positively cure sleeplessness, failing memory, brain fag, incapacity, disinclination for work, study or business, general debility and all results of over work and dissipation. In cases of premature old age, involuntary discharges and weariness after slight effort these Pearls effect a wonderful and almost a miraculous cure.

Price: Bottle of 25 Pearls, Rs. 1-4-0
Price: Bottle of 40 Pearls, Rs. 2-0-0.
V. P. Charges, annas four extra.

SOLE AGENTS:
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.
Market, BOMBAY.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,250.000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombassa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandlay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisuma
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Dar-es-Salam, East Africa.
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum secured does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

payable in the principal cities of Europe India, Africa, America and Australia ar purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches, of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia, Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD.
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1889.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 36,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 22,100,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at.

Antung Hsein	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalne)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fongtien (Mukden)	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	Nagasaki	Seattle (U.S.A.)
Hongkong	Newchwang	Tiehling
Honolulu	New York	Tientsin
Kobe	Osaka	Tokyo
Los Angeles (Cal. U.S.A.)	Pekin	Tsingtau
Liaoyang	Singapore	Tsinanfu

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Re. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for One year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

EVERY description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E.C.

BRANCHES:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, BAGHDAD, BASRAH AND AMARA.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called up Capital £600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders. £900,000
Reserve Fund £70,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K.T. (Chairman).
Sir Edward Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.).
Emile Francqui, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
Lieut.-Col. J. Leigh Wood, C.M.G. (Messrs. Brown Shipley & Co.).
J. C. Georges Bouillat, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris)
J. S. Haskell, Esq. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.).
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq. (Martins Bank, Ltd.).

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarjee Goculdas, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 5 PER CENT. PER ANNUM

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum.

Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.

SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.

G. E. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING

THE SUMITOMO BANK LIMITED.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 18,750,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 1,600,000

HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA, JAPAN.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS:

Bombay	Kyoto	San Francisco
Bakata	London	Shanghai
Hankau	Moji	Shimonoseki
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Tokyo
Honolulu	New York	Yokohama
Kobe	Osaka	etc.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates to be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.

J. SATO, Manager.
Church Gate Street. Bombay.
P. O. Box No. 389.

BANK OF BARODA, LIMITED.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.

Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE—BARODA.

Branches:—Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 5,75,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

Deposits received and interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorized	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,33,439	15	5
Reserve Funds	11,37,432	8	0

HEAD OFFICE.—LAHORE.

Branches:

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jummu, Srinagar, and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS, Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc. of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

NAND LAL PURI,
Manager.

THE BOMBAY WIDOW'S PENSION FUND, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, near Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Captal over Two Lakhs.

Investments in Government and approved Securities only.

Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.

The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act.

Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates Mortality Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. Liberal Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve months grace if occupation is lost.

Commission to canvassers.

For details apply for a copy of Rules to—

GANJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

INSURANCE

THE
INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

(HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY).

Chairman—The Hon'ble Sir FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY, Kt.

Attractive Schemes at Low Rates.

For Prospectus and further particulars—Apply to—

SECRETARIES & MANAGERS,
JIVANLAL, DASTUR & Co.,
113, Esplanade Road, Fort.

HOTELS

THE
CHEAPEST
FIRST CLASS HOTEL
at which to put up at in Bombay is the
RAILWAY HOTEL

Those visiting Bombay should not fail to try the "Railway" Hotel situated at Charney Road, in a central healthy locality.

DINNER TABLE A SPECIALITY.

Competent Chefs, High Class Wines and Billiard Tables.

Please write to Manager, Railway Hotel, Charney Road, BOMBAY, Telephone No. 511

EASTERN HOTEL.

13, Meadows Street, Bombay.
EXCELLENT CUISINE,
ELECTRIC LIGHTS.
MONTHLY RESIDENTS AT CHEAP RATES

DURBAR DELAVER RESTAURANT.

Hot meals of exquisite taste and best quality.
14, GREEN STREET, FORT.

R. K. F. SASANIAN & CO.

Marine Lines, First Lane.
BAKERS & CONFECTIONERS,
GENERAD MERCHANTS AND
TOBACCONISTS.

THE EVER POPULAR.

EMPRESS HOTEL
NASIK ROAD,
DEOLALI.

MODERATE CHARGES.
FAMOUS FOR CUISINE
SPACIOUS GYMKHANA

Messrs. P. HORMUSJI & COMPANY.

No. 123, Crawford Market,
Central Compound.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST.

Daily bazar suppliers of dry and fresh fruits, vegetables, ice, fish and oilmanstores to Navies, Clubs, Hotels and private Families Commission Agents, Purveyors and General Merchants.

All orders local or up-country carefully executed and promptly despatched under the special supervision of the proprietors.

Prices exceptionally cheap, genuineness of every article guaranteed.

A TRIAL ORDER EARNESTLY SOLICITED.

CASH ONLY WITH ORDER OR L. P.

FOR
ANY THING FASHIONABLE
in Chinese Japanese, French and English Silk Piece Goods, Art Embroidery Work, etc.

A VISIT TO OUR SHOW ROOMS
will more than pay your trouble and will get you a chance to select your equirements from quite a variety of up-to-date articles.

AHMED E. ESAALI.

EMPIRE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRAND DISPLAY
OF
JAPANESE ARTS & CURIOS
WHERE?
NEXT TO THE NATIONAL BANK BUILDINGS
Opposite Currency Office.
WAIT FOR THE OPENING DAY.

SILK! SILK!

If you wish to know WHERE you can have best Silk piece-goods and embroidery at the

Lowest Prices,

where you may see designs never seen before, then pay a visit to or write for Patterns (free) stating requirements to

KARANJIA & Co., Ltd.

270, Hornby Road, Fort.

Opposite: Messrs. John Roberts & Co.

SALE BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & CO'S SALES.

Under instruction from J. Sanders Slater, Esq., the Administrator General of Bombay and the Administrator of the estates and effects of the late Mr. Fred Law, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by public auction on MONDAY the 8th day of October, 1917, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), at their auction rooms No. 16, Apollo Street, opposite the Government Dockyard, Fort, the following effects of the said deceased:—

Brass trays, picture frames, toilet brushes, Muradabad frames and pen rack, etc.

Under instructions from J. Sanders Slater, Esq., the Administrator-General of Bombay and the Administrator of the estates and effects of the late Baboorao Alias Narayen Dada Mali, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by public auction on MONDAY, the 15th day of October, 1917 at 3-30 p.m., (S. T.), at their auction rooms No. 16. Apollo Street, opposite the Government Dockyard, Fort, the following effects of the said deceased:—

Silver kergota, ear-ring, copper and brass pots, wearing apparels, betelnuts, scale, weights, planks, cupboard, etc

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 3rd Oct. 1917

GANDHI & CO
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
No. 52, Medows Street.

AUCTION SALE OF 3 CASES GLASS BOTTLES OF OTTO MALINI.

THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 3rd October, 1917, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs GANDHI & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms No. 52, Medows Street, Fort, by order of Messrs. Vrajlal Pranjivandas and Co., and on account and at the risk of Harakhchand Jetha, Manager, Otto Malin City Drug and Chemical Company.

2 cases glass bottles of half dram with wooden covers each case of 25 gross.

1 case sample tubes 150 Gross.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers

Bombay, 3rd Oct. 1917.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MENESSE & CO.
NO. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF SURPLUS AND OBSOLETE SHIP STORES.

Under instructions from the Bombay Steam Navigation Coy., Ltd., Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the 5th October, 1917, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the Patent Slip, Mazagon the following surplus and obsolete ship stores:—

Old mines and buoys; Wakefield lamp; Jost and electric table fan; reflector enamelled and iron; condemned Kitson light; ice chests; beam scale; extinguishers five; davit; cupboard; condemned electric fitting; platform scale; teakwood lockers; rubber scrap; Tachometer; electric meter; spring balances; pipe cutter; ticket cases; lamps assorted; life belts; life buoys new; bulb hangers; galvanized bends and couplings; hydraulic hanges; wooden blocks or pulleys; measuring chain; hydraulic pipes; G. I. coach screws; deck sky light glasses; floor plates; chain blocks; condemned iron tanks; squating marble slabs; scuttle glasses; deadwood barrells; 1 dynamo (by Seamen Bros. and Co.) 900 revs. per minute 60 amph. 105 volts.

1 Engine 5 H.P.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required on the lots being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE OF RICE, BLACK PEPPER, COFFEE, NUTMEGS, GROUND NUTS, COPRA, RATTANS, TAPIOCA, MOGUL COATS etc. ex: S. S. PANJIM and DAMAO.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 9th October, 1917, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at Mazagon, Sewri Port Trust Reclamation, near New Tank Bunder, in the enclosure of Messrs. W. & A. Graham and Co. under instructions received by the said firm from the Portuguese Government the following cargo ex. the above vessels.

About 900 bags rice; 250 bags black peppery 560 bags coffee; 175 bags Nutmegs; 700 bags groundnuts; 1500 bags copra; 800 bundles rattans; 750 bags Tapioca and Tapioca flour; 14 bundles Mogul coats.

The above will be sold in lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required on the lots being knocked down, and the balance must be paid for, and the goods must be removed within 10 days from the date of sale. All the goods will be entirely at the risk and on account of the purchaser from the time of sale.

If not cleared by the 10th day after the sale a charge of Rs. 10 per day will be made by the vendors before delivery is given for each lot, or part of the same, until cleared to cover extra charges, etc. due by the cargo.

MENESSE & Co.,

Bombay, 3rd Oct. 1917.

ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATES

"Wanted," "To be Let," and "For Sale" Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business, are charged at the following rates, which must be prepaid:—

Advertisements not exceeding (20 words) 8 annas per insertion: every additional word 1 anna.

Advertisements are not received after 5 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. 2 per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch. Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short Advertisement Columns.—Two annas per line, or Re. 1 per inch. No display allowed.

Educational Announcements.—Six annas per line or Rs. 3 per inch.

All advertisements are payable strictly in advance.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,
"Bombay Chronicle," Office,
No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

	Daily. Rs.	Sunday Rs.	
Local	30	5	per annum.
Up-country	35	6	per annum.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

FORD MODEL Well-known STEWART SPEEDOMETERS—Rs. 45 complete. EMPIRE AUTOMOBILES, New Queen's Road, Bombay. 994—9

JOB PRINTING.—Send any orders you wish to be executed promptly and to your satisfaction to the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" PRESS, 6, Medows street, Fort.

LEPROSY of ten years standing, Leucoderma and patches of any duration arising from vitiated blood cured radically and permanently in four weeks. Rs. 7/8 per week. Three days treatment sent free for trial. THE EASTERN MEDICINE STORE, 77, Durga, Ch., Mitter Street, Calcutta. 895.

DON'T CONDEMN YOUR TYPEWRITERS—We undertake all sorts of most intricate repair works and execute them in a quite substantial and up-to-date manner at very reasonable charges. Typewriters cleaned, Typewriters overhauled, Typewriters adjusted, Typewriters repaired at lowest charges. Every repair guaranteed. Estimates free. A Rev. Gent. writes "If anyone desires a Typewriter repaired promptly and with care, I am sure he can go to no better place in Bombay than to your Firm."

We repair all makes of Typewriters.
THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING Co.,
86, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.
Tele: "Writertype."

HOTELS & HEALTH RESORTS

DEOLALI'S PREMIER HOTEL.—Grand Hotel well-known for Best cusine, cleanliness and home comforts and separate Blocks. Moderate charges, Apply, H. F. SETNA, Proprietor 1000

MOTOR VEHICLES.

WANTED—MOTOR TYRES and TUBES for cheapest, prompt and reliable vulcanising at as. 8 and 4 per inch respectively. Cars on hire and for sale. PATENT PNEUMATIC BLOCKS TYRES and MOTOR TRANSPORT CO., LTD., Hughes Road, Chaupatty, Bombay. A

MISCELLANEOUS

LOSE NOT OPPORTUNITY.—To secure good servants is to reserve peace at home. Charges very low. Apply sharp to Box No. 255, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 74.

SITUATION WANTED.

WANTED—Managing Clerk of over 20 years' experience desires EMPLOYMENT in a well-established Solicitor's firm. Apply Box No. 256, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 85

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A G. B. V. C., as S. H. SUPERINTENDENT, on Rs. 60 1/5 75 per month. Apply to CHAIRMAN, S. C. Kurla Municipality. 8

WANTED—A smart, good looking young HINDU LADY COMPANION (Gujerati preferred) to teach a respectable Hindu lady in Bombay Gujerati (general) and Primary English and to stay with her. Applications in one's own handwriting, stating salary required and previous experience should be addressed to M. B. MAZUMDAR, 47, Parvati Mansions, Grant Road, Bombay. 67

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A TYPIST with knowledge of general office work and electrical stores. Apply Box No. 253, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 66

WANTED—SHORTHAND TYPIST, knowing general office routine. Apply with testimonials stating salary to Box No. 252, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 65

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—One CASHIER with security Rs. 20,000 cash or Government Promissory Notes, two PAY CLERKS with security Rs. 5,000 each. Apply stating terms to CHIEF AUDITOR, Camp, Dadar. 76.

WANTED—TWO GRADUATES, one strong in Persian and other Graduate in Science for handsome salaries near Surat and Ahmedabad. For further particulars apply to KAPOOR & Co., Fatehpuri Road, Delhi. 83

DRAFTSMAN WANTED IMMEDIATELY for machine drawing and plotting, must be neat printer and experienced hand, pay Rs. 60. Apply CROMPTON'S Bombay Ltd., 35-37, Apollo Street. 87.

WANTED—A capable OFFICE MANAGER with sound knowledge of Accounts. A Gujarati Graduate with previous experience of office work preferred. Apply to Box No. 235, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9998

REQUIRED—One qualified MEDICAL PRACTITIONER to remain on the Chalisgaon Water Supply Work, at Chalisgaon, for 3 months. Pay Rs. 50 per mensem and both ways passage. Apply with testimonials to GANGARAM and KANAYALAL, Contractors, Chalisgaon. 23

WANTED.—Two trained MIDWIVES for the City of Baroda on a salary of Rs. 55 each rising to Rs. 75 (Rs. 5) every 2 years) with Rs. 12 allowance. Duties to attend all maternity cases when sent for. Peon provided. No quarters. No private fees allowed. Apply with testimonials to the Chief Medical Officer, Baroda State. 49

WANTED

WANTED—AGENTS by The Easter Industrial Works for Phenyle. Sealing Wax, Black, Japan, etc. Write G. V. MEHTA & Co., Shanghvi Sadan, Sandhurst Road, Bombay. 9559

WANTED—PLANING MACHINES of different sizes for a mechanical shop. Apply with prices and particulars to Box No. 242, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 29

WANTED—A torpedo shape, six seater MOTOR CAR, second-hand. Write to Box No. 247, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 42

WANTED—English or French TWO SEATER MOTOR CAR. Write to Box No. 245, Advt Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 32

WANTED—A LOAN of Rs. 1,500, hard cash, will repay in easy monthly instalments and pass a bond for Rs. 2,500 towards interest and capital. Apply to Box No. 240, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 24

WANTED—AGENTS for the SALE OF "THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE" in the principal cities of India. For terms communicate with the MANAGING-DIRECTOR, Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., 6, Medows Street Fort, Bombay.

WANTED.—2,500 ft. of second hand cast iron spigot and socket pipe, 6in. diameter in good condition and mention the price required to A. S. K. IYENGAR, Superintendent State Gardens, Junagadh. 48

WANTED—STUDENTS desirous of joining Colleges to see PRINCIPAL, EMPIRE ENGLISH SCHOOL for Matric and Senior Cambridge, conducted under Educational Experts at Convenient times at 259/261, Hornby Road., opposite Messrs. Cox and Co., FRESH NAMES enrolled for Matric and Cambridge, (July & Dec.) 1918. 815.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A second-hand STEAM ROAD ROLLER, 8 tons, in good order. Apply to Messrs. TEJOO KAYA and Co., New Nagpada, Bombay. 2708

FOR SALE—BRASS EYELETS Nos. 24, 26 and 28. Apply for particulars to H. DEVIS & CO., Post Box No. 29, Cawnpore. 9993

PREMIER CYCLE by Appointment to H. M. The King; a small shipment just received. Roadster cycles complete at Rs. 200. WELLINGTON CYCLISTS, Bombay and Poona.

FOR SALE.—Smart U. H. L. GOLD ART STEEL COMBINATION ROLL TOP Brief and Foolscap size TYPEWRITER TABLES and CABINETS by Toledo Metal Furniture Co., of America, at MEHTA AUCTIONEER'S ROOMS, 53, Medows Street, Fort. 977

FOR SALE.—Five seater, 1917 model, 6 cylinder BUICK MOTOR CAR bearing No. 6022. Complete with electric starter, head and side lamps. Very little used. Apply to Box No. 244, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 31

FOR SALE

VALUABLE PLOT OF LAND, near Gol Pitha, FOR SALE or HIRE. Apply PATUCK, 62, Lamington Rd., Bombay. 75

FOR SALE—BOOKS on Science, Philosophy, Literature, History, Freethought, etc., from Gentleman's Library. Catalogues ready. Apply "B." 320, Taj Mahal, Bombay. 86

FOR SALE—Double Gins, Openers, Lancashire Boilers, 24ft. by 6½ft. by 150 and 125 lbs. Pressure Engines, etc., for particulars write to ENGINEER & Co., Pydowni, Bombay, 3. 46

25,000 MULE SPINDLES with complete preparatory Machinery of Messrs. Plat Bros. for sale. Apply for particulars to SHREE RADHA KRISHNA COTTON MILLS, Goosery, Howrah. 45

FOR SALE—12 h.-p., 4 cylinder CLEMENT BAYARD, two-seater with folding dickey seat. Owner-driven. Perfect condition. Price Rs. 4,750 or near offer. Apply Box No. 254, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 73

FOR SALE—Chaff Cutter, Hoisting crab, Flour grinder, Mortar Mills, oil Engines, Steam Engine, Centrifugal, Contractors, Rotary, Semi-Rotary Pumps, Galvanized Pipes, Flanges, Bends, Sockets and rails, &c. Particulars on application. GANGARAM KANAYALAL CONTRACTORS, Chalisgaon. 71

FOR SALE—Fine ITALIAN CAR. 15—40 H.P. sporting model, 2 seater in most beautiful running order; Bosch Magneto, Zenith Carburettor, Dunlop detachable rims, spare rim and tyre, Watford Speedometer and clock, C. A. V. Lighting set, fine set of tools all complete for Road. Immediate delivery. Owner going Home. Enquiries to be made at K. & S. MOTOR Co., Grant Road, Bombay. 91

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET—A BUNGALOW, Bandra Hill, Kane Road No. 45, Apply Messrs. KING KING & Co., Bombay. 6

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WANTED the public to know that Russian Currency Notes (Roubles) can be supplied profitably to them whoever wants. Ask or inform—

GANESHDAS DEVIDAS & Co.,
Brokers,
Near Mandvi Post or
Share Bazar, Bombay.
Telephone No. 2858 9963

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the appointments of postmen in the Bombay General Post Office and its Town Sub-Offices.

The pay of the postmen's grade is as follows:—

1st Rs. 25 plus Rs. 3 grain compensation.
2nd Rs. 20 plus Rs. 3 grain compensation.
3rd Rs. 18 plus Rs. 3 grain compensation.
4th Rs. 16 plus Rs. 1-8-0 grain compensation.

Applicants should be able to read addresses in (1) English, Gujarathi and Marathi or (2) English and Urdu.

The grade on which applicants will be employed will depend on their qualifications.

Apply in person to the undersigned.

G. W. LOVE,
Presidency Postmaster, Bombay.
Bombay, General Post Office,
Dated 1st October, 1917. 63

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

MESSRS. ROGERS & Co., Mineral Water Manufacturers desire to inform the public that their Head Office will be REMOVED on and from 1st October, 1917, from No. 26, Hummum Street, Fort, to their new and extensive factory premises at No. 18, CLARE ROAD, BYCULLA.

All communications, letters and orders should be addressed to No. 18, Clare Road, Byculla.

Telephone messages and orders will be immediately attended to

Telephone No. 1033.
Clare Road, Byculla.
24th September, 1917. 9960

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

WANTED.—Pensioned TELEGRAPH MASTERS, TELEGRAPHISTS and POSTAL SIGNALLERS for temporary re-employment as Non-Departmental Telegraphists in Government Departmental Telegraph Offices in the Bombay Presidency. The daily rate of pay will be Rs. 1-8-0 or Rs. 2 according as the applicant can send and receive at the rate of 16 or 20 words per minute, subject to the condition that the sum of Pension and pay at the above rate does not exceed the substantive pay drawn by the applicant before retirement. Applications should be addressed to the POSTMASTER-GENERAL, TRAFFIC BRANCH, BOMBAY, and should state in which Telegraph Office the applicant desires to serve together with the following information:—

(1) Name in full.
(2) Name of Office where applicant served just previous to retirement.
(3) Pay drawn before retirement.
(4) Amount of pension; and
(5) Present address.

F. T. DE MONTE,
For Postmaster-General,
Telegraph Traffic,
2708 Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE PREMIER FURNISHING & DECORATING CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Indian Companies' Act. VII of 1913.)

PROSPECTUS.

CAPITAL Rs. 1,00,000 (with powers to increase)
DIVIDED into 1,000 shares of Rs. 100 each.
Payable as follows:—
Rs. 10 with application.
Rs. 15 on allotment.
AND the balance will be called in three instalments of Rs. 25 each at intervals of not less than 2 months.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

1. SIR JUGMOHANDAS VURJIVANDAS, KT.—*Merchant, Bombay.* CHAIRMAN.
2. RUTTANCHAND K. MOTISHA, Esq. *Merchant, Bombay.* (of Messrs. R. K. MOTISHA & Co.)
3. MADHAVDAS VITHALDAS DESAI, Esq., B. A., *Merchant, Bombay.*
4. RUNCHORDAS DWARKADAS, Esq. *(Ex-Officio).*

BANKERS:

The Bank of India, Limited, Bombay.

AUDITORS:

Messrs. C. H. Sopariwalla & Co., Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.

SOLICITORS:

Messrs. Amin & Desai, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.

SECRETARIES, TREASURERS & AGENTS.

Messrs. Runchordas Dwarkadas & Co., Bombay.

REGISTERED OFFICE:

82, Amroli House, Girgaon Back Road, Bombay.

PROSPECTUS

It is felt for a long time past that there is a great want of an establishment in this City that can decorate Mandaps, Shamianas and Bungalows and can adequately supply, furnish and let on hire furniture, illumination, glassware, sofas, curtains, draperies, carpets and other decorative articles required on the occasions of weddings, entertainments, meetings and such other functions. The public of Bombay as is well known, do not derive the maximum satisfaction for the money they spend on those occasions and its main reason lies in the fact, that there is nearly a total absence of experts in the decorative art, want of punctuality, shortage of suitable articles and the perfunctory manner in which the art-furnishing is carried out. It is to supply this long-felt want and to do the furnishing on such occasions in a systematic and artistic manner that the promoters have decided to float this company and they have been able to secure the services of Mr. Runchordas Dwarkadas, who is acknowledged to be a specialist not only in this line, but also in that of floral and other decorations. At the same time the promoters have been able to secure Mr. Dharamdas Dwarkadas, whose abilities in canvassing and managing the business in an able manner is well known.

The promoters are thus confident that, by the acquisition of the services of Messrs. Runchordas and Dharamdas, the company will be able to give great satisfaction to the various customers. There are about thirty **wadis** in Bombay belonging to the Hindus ever and above the **wadis** and **baugs** (gardens) belonging to the other communities. The Company will also be in a position to supply furniture and decorations for entertainments, Divali festivals, Ganpati festivals and other occasions as well as articles required for Hari-kirtans. The Company will let their fully furnished halls of the premises for entertainments and other functions. The Company, expects to realize about Rs. 25,000 per year and the expenses of the Company will come to about Rs. 15,000 per year. The Company will, therefore turn out to be a thriving and flourishing concern and the shareholders are expected to get a good return for their shares.

The promoters of the Company have purchased furniture, glasswares, carpets and other articles necessary for the business of the Company and the same will be purchased by the Company from them at the cost price.

The Articles of Association provide that the qualification of a Director other than the ex-officio Director— is to be the holding of twenty shares in the Company and the remuneration of a Director is to be Rs. 15 for every meeting of the Board attended by him.

The estimated preliminary expenses of the Company are Rs. 2,500. The minimum number of subscribed shares, upon which the Directors may proceed to allot is 250. If the Company at any time shall offer any of its shares to the public for subscription, the Directors may exercise the powers conferred on the Company by Sec. 105 of the Indian Companies Act of 1913, providing that the commission shall not exceed 3 per cent. on each share of Rs. 100 so offered.

The following contracts are intended to be entered into:—

A contract expressed to be between the Company of the one part and the firm of Messrs. Runchordas Dwarkadas & Co., of the other part, whereby the said firm is to be appointed Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents of the Company upon terms and conditions and remuneration as provided in the said Agreement marked **A** and annexed to the Articles of Association.

Mr. Runchordas Dwarkadas, **ex-officio** Director and Dharamdas, Dwarkadas are members of the firm of Runchordas Dwarkadas & Company, who are appointed Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents of the said Company.

The contract expressed to be made between the Vendors of the one part and the Company of the other part whereby the Vendors agreed to sell furniture, glasswares, carpets and other articles aforesaid.

The names of the Vendors:—

Jugmohandas Vurjeevandas, Pedder Road, Bombay, Merchant.
Madhavdas Vithaldas Desai, Grant Road, Bombay, Merchant.
Runchordas Dwarkadas, No. 1, Girgaum Back Road, Bombay, Merchant.
Dharamdas Dwarkadas, do. do. do.
Runchoddas Madhowdas, Girgaum Back Road, Bombay, Shroff.
Ishwardas Lukhmidas, Garden View, Hughes Road, Bombay, Merchant.
Manubhai Rangildas, 404, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, Merchant.
Natvarlal Maganlal, 404, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, Merchant.
Ratanchand Khimchand Motishaw, 9, Love Lane, Mazagaon, Bombay, Merchant.

A copy of the Memorandum of Association has been attached hereto. Prospectus and Forms of Application for shares can be obtained at the Office of the Company. The above contracts when completed can be inspected at the Company's Office during the usual office hours.

This prospectus has been duly filed with the Registrar of the Joint Stock Company, Bombay.

Dated this 13th day of September, 1917.

(Sd.) JUGMOHANDAS VURJEEVANDAS.
(Sd.) MADHAVDAS VITHALDAS DESAI.
(Sd.) RATANCHAND KHIMCHAND MOTISHAW.
Sd.) RUNCHORDAS DWARKADAS.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR SHARES.

To,

The Directors of
The Premier Furnishing & Decorating Company, Limited,
BOMBAY.

Gentlemen,

Having paid to the Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents of the Premier Furnishing & Decorating Company Limited, the sum of Rs. being a deposit of Rs. 10/- per share on shares in the abovenamed Company I/we request you to allot me/us that number of shares and I/We hereby agree to accept the seme or any smaller number that may be allotted to me/us and to pay Rs. at Rs. 15/- per share on allotment and the balance when called upon as provided by the Prospectus, and I/We authorise you to register me/us as the holder of the said shares.

Name in full.....
Address.....
Description.....
Date.....
Signature.....

PUBLIC NOTICES:

DHAR STATE WAR FETE LOTTERY.

NOTICE.

EXTENSION OF TIME.

AS DHAR STATE WAR FETE LOTTERY has been POSTPONED to the middle of November, the Drawing will take place on the 30th November, 1917, and subsequent days. All Counterfoils of tickets with the sale proceeds should reach the Honorary Treasurer at Dhar, before the 15th of November, 1917, as directed by Mr. P. N. Banerji, the Dewan, Dhar State, in his notice dated the 17th September, 1917. And the public should know that Messrs. A. F. Martin and Co., Girgaon Road, Bombay No. 2, are appointed Sole Agents to sell the tickets for Bombay, Hyderabad (Deccan), Madras, Rangoon, Sind, Baluchistan, Quetta, Lahore, Lucknow and Allahabad. If the public intend to buy tickets, they should not lose the opportunity to take the advantage of this Lottery and should buy from Messrs. A. F. MARTIN & Co. or SUB-AGENTS, as the Drawing is coming near.

MOTILAL D. MEHTA,
The Honorary Chief Agent,
The Dhar State War Fete Lottery.
72

NOTICE.

ALL INDIA ANNUAL FOOTBALL, HOCKEY and BADMINTON TOURNAMENTS organised by the Rajah of Vizianagram will be held at Viziarampuram near Vizianagram in December, 1917, during the Christmas Holidays.

Tournaments in the following will take place:—

FOOTBALL, HOCKEY and BANDMINTON.

The trophies to be played for, all of which have been presented by the Rajah of Vizianagram, are, as under:—

Cups and shields will be held by the teams while the medals are given to the individual players of the winning teams.

1. FOOTBALL.
   (a). Winners. A silver challenge shield valued at Rs. 500 and 11 silver medals.
   (b). Runners up. A silver cup valued at Rs. 200.
2. HOCKEY.
   (a). Winners. A silver challenge shield valued at Rs. 500 and 11 silver medals.
   (b). Runners up. A silver cup valued at Rs. 200.
3. BADMINTON.
   (a). Winners. A silver challenge shield valued at Rs. 500 and 3 silver medals.
   (b). Runners up. A silver cup valued at Rs. 200.

The tournaments are open to all colleges, schools and private clubs and clubs attached to colleges or schools throughout India (including Independent States).

Entrance fees for various tournaments will be as follows:

(A). Football ..... Rs. 10 Per team.
(B). Hockey ..... Rs. 10 " "
(C.) Badminton ..... Rs. 10 " "

and must invariably accompany the application.

No entries can be received after the 31st October.

All correspondence should be addressed to the Secretary.

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COTTON FIRES AT COLABA, 1917.

REWARD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Bombay Fire Insurance Association, believing that the fires at Colaba are due to incendiarism, offer a reward of Rs. 15,000 to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the guilty person or persons concerned.

By order of the Committee.
A. F. FERGUSON & Co.,
Secretaries.
Bombay Fire Insurance Association.
7900.

FOR SALE

TWO complete COTTON GINNING FACTORIES, situated at Tando Adam and Nawab Shah, belonging to the Punjab Cotton Press Co., Ltd. Particulars of machinery are given below:—

TANDO ADAM.

Single gins Platt Brothers	40
Opener, Double Platt Brothers	1
Dynamo	1
Boiler 6½ x 24	1
Engine 12 x 20 x 24	1

with buildings.

All abovementioned in good working order.

NAWAB SHAH.

Single gins Platt Brothers	36
Opener Double Platt Brothers	1
Boiler 6½ x 24	1
Engine 11 x 19	1

with buildings.

All abovementioned in good working order.

For further particulars please communicate with:—

The MANAGING AGENT,
Punjab Cotton Press Co. Ltd.,
Bharat Buildings, Lahore.
Dated 24th September, 1917. 6012

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PUBLIC NOTICES.

MATHERAN STEAM TRAMWAY.

OWING to damages to the line by heavy rain, the public are advised that the Tramway is CLOSED for public traffic until further notice.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager,
G. I. P. Railway.

Bombay, 2nd October, 1917. 262

THE FORT PRESS COMPANY, LTD.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Lower Colaba, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th October, 1917, at 3 p.m., (B.T.), to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report, and the Audited Accounts made up for the year ended 30th June 1917.
(2) To sanction the declaration of a Dividend and Bonus.
(3) To elect Directors in place of those retiring but are eligible for re-election.
(4) To appoint an Auditor.
(5) Such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 10th to 17th October, 1917, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
VASANJI MONJI,
89 Chairman.

NOTICE.

WANTED—Applicants for the formation of a reserve of temporary clerks, to be trained for FIELD SERVICE.

One Clerk on Rs. 60 P. M.
Five Clerks on Rs. 50 P. M. each.
Five Clerks on 40 P. M. each.
Four Clerks on Rs. 30 P. M. each.

2. The SELECTED CANDIDATES, on having been passed medically fit for Field Service and on signing the prescribed form of Agreement, will be engaged at the rates of pay specified as abovementioned, according to qualification, and will be posted to the Embarkation Supply Depot for training. As each clerk is considered sufficiently trained, sanction will be obtained to raise his pay, according to his merit.

3. When eventually ordered for Field Service, the clerks will be entitled to the following concessions:—

(a) Free Field Service Clothing.
(b) 50 per cent. batta on their pay and free rations, from the date of embarkation.

4. Candidates should apply personally to the Undersigned with applications in their own hand-writing and original testimonials in their possession.

(Sd.) O. G. EDWARDS, Capt.,
for Lieut.-Col.,
Assist. Director of S & T. (Embarkation),
No. 3 Shed, Alexandra Docks.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. KESHAVDEO KANAYALAL, KALLA SING BADRIDAS and SURENDRANATH SATYA NARAYAN, the proving executors of the last Will and Testament of BAWAJI BENIPRASAD BRAHMACHARI, deceased have contracted to sell the property belonging to the said deceased vested in the said executors and described in the Schedule below, to our client.

Any person having any claim or interest by way of sale, mortgage, gift, inheritance, lease, lien, share, easement or otherwise to or affecting the said property or any part thereof is hereby required to give notice thereof to the undersigned at their office at No. 3, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the matter will be completed without any regard to any such claim or interest as aforesaid and all such claims if any will be deemed to have been waived.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate at Mouza Ghatcooper in the Registration sub-district of Kurla in Taluka Salsette Tukdi and Zilla Thana bearing Survey Nos. 173 and 174 Phalni No. 1 bearing Survey No. 4 of Ghatcooper, containing by admeasurement 1,355 square yards or more or less together with the messuages tenements and buildings standing or erected thereon bearing Notified Area Committee and House Nos. 71 and 72 and which premises are bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the Railway Line, on or towards the West by the Chimbur Road, on or towards the North by the Road to the station and on or towards the South by the property of Hingwalla.

Dated this 1st day of October, 1917.

PANDIA & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
79

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of KALIANJI MALSI, late of Bombay Cutchi Dasa Oswal Jain Inhabitant, partner in the firm of Messrs. DAMJI KALIANJI MUCCADUMS in cotton, residing at Ghatkopar, a widower .....Deceased.

Bai RATANBAI, wife of DAMJI SHAMJI and daughter of Kalianji Malsi, the deceased abovenamed, Cutchi Dasa Oswal Jain Inhabitant, residing at Ghatkopar .....Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir STANLEY LOCKHART BATCHELOR, Knight, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this twenty-seventh day of September in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine hundred and seventeen and in the eighth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
Ag. Registrar.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

The 27th day of September, 1917.

Messrs. MALVI MODY RANCHODDAS & Co.,
Petitioners Attorneys.
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LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HAJEE AHMED OOMER, SULLEMAN HAJI AHMED and JEHANGIR PALLANJEE KATGARA, of Bombay Memon Mahomedan and Parsi inhabitants, respectively the trustees of an Indenture of Settlement dated 5th April, 1916, and made between Haji Ahmed Ooomer and Sulleman Haji Ahmed of the one part and the said Haji Ahmed Oomer Sulleman Haji Ahmed and Jehangir Pallonji Katgara of the other part have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client all persons therefore having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, bequest, sale, gift, mortgage, lease lien or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and all such claims if any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of perpetual Fazandari land or ground, situate lying and being on the Western side of Nishandarachapada or Tandel Street, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one-hundred and ninety six square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 2990 together with the messuages tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes under B Ward No. 2805 and Street No. 18—20 and which said premise are bounded as follows: that is to say on or towards the North by the property formerly of Haji Jamal and now of Mahomed Rowji, on or towards the South by the property of Memon Ismail Habib, on or towards the East by the said Nishandarachapada or Tandel Street and on or towards the West by a sweepers passage.

Dated this 2nd day of October, 1917.

ARDESIR HORMASJI DINSHAW & Co.,
78 Purchaser's Solicitors.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

IN THE COURT OF SMALL CAUSES OF BOMBAY.

Suit No. 533/19919 of 1916.

DULABHAJI MULCHAND and MAGANLAL RAMJI, trading as Manilal Dulabhaji at Khatasi Chakla .....Plaintiffs.

vs.

HEIKARISHANKER BALA KAMTI, residing at Bassain, SITTARAM RAGHOBA MISTRI, residing at Chawpatty, Nakhoda's Oart ... Defendants.

WHEREAS in pursuance of a Warrant of Sale of immoveable property dated the 10th day of September, 1917, the Sheriff has been directed to sell by Public Auction at the instance of the plaintiffs all the right title and interest of the 2nd Defendant Sittaram Raghunath Mistri, subject to the right of the Mortgagee in the following property:—

The house standing on land belonging to Shivnarayen Surajmal, Gurumukhrai Sukhanand Mirjamal Gajanand at Chawpatty, out of Fort of Bombay, admeasuring about 120 feet in length and 30 feet in breadth and bearing Municipal No. BBB Ward No.15330 (B) 3 and Collector's Survey No. 298 and bounded on the East by the land and office of Ganpatrao Kishinath, on the West by the courtyard of Sheth Karsandas Govindji, on the South by a vacant piece of land and on the North by Sandhurst Road.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having rights in or charges or claims on the above named property (other than claims involving an objection to the attachment or seeking the removal of the same) that they should on or before the 26th day of October 1917 lodge in my office a statement verified by oath or solemn affirmation of such rights, claims or charges.

EDWIN GELLETT,
Assistant Commissioner.

Khandvala, & Co.
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Dated this 25th day of September, 1917.
90

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO

Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P Railway.

No. 53, Medowe Street, Fort Bombay.

Telephone No. 1285.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW THURSDAY THE 4th OCTOBER AT 2-30 P.M,. (S.T.)

SALE OF HIGHLY POLISHED TEAK AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE BY WIMBRIDGE, ROBERTS, DEVJI AND OTHER WELLKNOWN MAKERS COTTAGE PIANO BY HENRY WARD & Co., OF LONDON, JOST RADIO FAN, ELECTRIC TABLE FAN, SINGER'S HAND SEWING MACHINE, WILLIAM TYPEWRITER, ETC., ETC.

TO-MORROW THURSDAY, the 4th inst. at 2-30 p. m., (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Rooms the very valuable highly polished teak and blackwood household furniture by Wimbridge Roberts, Devji, and other wellknown makers such as dining tables, dining chairs, mirrored side boards, rich silk tapestry lined drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, rich artistic cabinets silver show cases, rich palm stands, Brass flower pots, rich ornaments, full compass cottage piano by Henry Ward and Co., of London, rich oil paintings and historical pictures William Typewriter, rich teapoys, rich writing tables, carved centre tables and jardinere stands, jost radio fan, Joondah Almirah by Wimbridge, selected double and single bedroom almirahs, clothes and gown presses, dressing chests of drawers marble topped dressing and washing tables, rich double and single beds, Singer's hand-sewing machine, rich oil carpets, China mattings, English glass and porcelainware, rich plated were by Mappin and Webb and Reed and Barton, etc., etc., the property of J. Clive Esqr., including that of W. H. Foster Esq., and N. B. Goodser, Esqr.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 3rd October, 1917.

SALE BY AUCTION

J. S. MODY & CO.

20, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

Telephone No. 3409.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT NISHANPADA ROAD.

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, will THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 3rd day of October, 1917, at 4-30 p.m., sell by Public Auction on the premises the undermentioned immovable property under instructions from the Transferees of Mortgage and on account and at the risk of Mr. Vallibhoy Jassa Karva, the Mortgagor, in exercise of the power of sale reserved to the said Transferees under the Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 25th day of November, 1912, which has been transferred to them.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground together with the messuage, tenement and dwelling house standing thereon, situate lying and being on the western side of Nishanpada Road, in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 206 6/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3122 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 2908 and Street Nos. 122-124 and bounded on or towards the East by the Nishanpada Road aforesaid, on or towards the West by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the North by a passage partly belonging to these premises and partly to the house of Abdul Hakim, son of Mia Jan Subedar and others, and on or towards the South partly by a passage belonging to these premises and partly to the house of Hasan Valad Shaik Oosman Faki.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan, Attorneys for the Transferees of Mortgage, at their office at No. 9, Bell Lane, Fort, or the undersigned.

By order of the Embarkation Supply Officer Bombay, Messrs. J. S. MODY, and Co. will THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 3rd day of October, 1917, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), sell by public auction at Grain Depot, Tank Bunder, Mazagon:—

A quantity of oats crushed, gram crushed, bran, barley crushed, old gunnies, hoop iron, hoop iron wire, wood etc., etc.

Cash will be required on the lots being knocked down.

Under instuctions from the Superintendent, Army Clothing Factory, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., will sell by public auction TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 4th day of October, 1917, at 3 p.m., (S. T.), at the Army Clothing Factory, opposite the old Colaba Railway station, in the compound of Gun Carriage Factory, Colaba, a lot of unserviceable clothing, gunnies iron hoops, waste paper, cases, tin lining etc., etc.

Cash will be required on the lots being knocked down.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 3rd October, 1917.

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT TAMARIND LANE, FORT.

Under instructions from Mr. Hormasji N. Vakil, the Sole Surviving Executor and Trustee of the last Will and Testament of the late Mahomed Haji Saboo and with the approval of the Hon'ble the Advocate-General of Bombay in order to wind up the Estate and utilise the surplus in charity, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., Auctioneers, will sell the undermentioned immovable property by Public Auction, on the premises, THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 3rd October, 1917, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.):—

All that piece or parcel of Quit and Ground Rent land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon known as the Old Government Postal Press, situated at Tamarind Lane, within the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 669 square yards, or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 132-133, New Nos. 4980-4982-4984, Old Survey No. 1531, and New Survey No. 9449, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Haji Alli Mahomed Haji Cassum, on or towards the West by the property of Merwanji Jehangir Tarachand and Bomonji Pestonji Palkhiwala, on or towards the North by a private passage and on or towards the South by Tamarind Lane, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward; Ward No. 1265, and Street Nos. 4-6-8.

N. B.—The above property realises a large amount of rent per month.

For further particulars and conditions of sale applications should be made to Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for the said Executor and Trustee, or Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for the Advocate-General of Bombay, or to the Undersigned.

ON SATURDAY, the 6th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P.M. (S. T.).

1 second hand rubber tyred cabriolet, in good order.
1 second hand rubber tyred victoria, in good order.
1 second hand rubber tyred palanquim office shigram.
1 grey horse, quiet in harnest.
1 rubber tyred bicycle wheels governor's car with a pony and harness.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from Mrs. A Rhenius, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will on SUNDAY, the 7th October at 2-30 p.m., sell by Public Auction at Victoria Road, Byculla, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, sliding dining table, arm and armless chairs, large sideboards, drawing room cabinets, table ornaments, Persian and English carpets, jardineers, writing table book cases, wall clocks one sweet toned ebonized cottage piano by Schiedmeyer, music books, Jost fan, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, cloth and gown presses, bentwood chairs, marble top dressing and washhand tables, camphorwood chest, dressing chest of drawers, reclining sofas, cane furniture, single and double door iron safes screens beaded door chicks, ice box, ice chest, copper utensils verandah, chicks, valuable garden pots and tubs, gas fittings, China matting, valuable fowls, and fowl houses, etc., etc.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF EXCELLENT BUILDING PLOTS AT SANDHURST ROAD.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on TUESDAY, the 9th October, 1917, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction on Plot No. 83, Sandhurst Road, the right of occupancy of the following plots for a term of 999 years.

LOT No. 1.—A very valuable plot of building land, being Plot No. 83, Sandhurst Road, (West) having frontages to 4 roads, and containing about 431 square yards.

LOT No. 2.—An excellent building site known as Plot No. 25, Sandhurst Road (East), having 94 feet 6 inches frontage to Sandhurst Road and 54 feet 6 inches to Balu Street and containing about 637 square yards.

For further particulars and conditions of sale and plan of the sites, application may be made to the Board's Land Manager or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.,

Bombay, 3rd October, 1917.

SALE BY AUCTION

BENNETT & CO.—(*Contd*)

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE.

PREMIER THEATRE OF THE EAST.
THE POPULAR.

HOWITT-PHILLIPS COMPANY

TO-DAY MATINEE AT 5 P.M
BY SPECIAL REQUEST
"MILESTONES"

The great three generation play which shows the changes not only in modern science but in human temperament, wrought by the advancing years.

TO-NIGHT AT 9-30

THE EVER-POPULAR:
"PEG O' MY HEART"

The charming story of an Irish girl whose sunny nature transforms a miserable family into a happy one.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY AT 9-30 P. M.
Hall Caine's great play:—
"PRODIGAL SON"

Showing how husband and wife suffer when they are not well mated. The man in the play, having gone through vicissitudes of life, learns wisdom by his bitter experience.

FRIDAY AT 9-30 P.M.
"DIANA OF DOBSON'S"

The tale of a shop girl who comes into some money and goes abroad, intending to marry while she is still rich. Later her money all spent, she meets the man she loves in a similar predicament on the Embankment.

SATURDAY, MATINEE AT 5 P.M.
"WHY SMITH LEFT HOME"

SATURDAY AT 9-30 P.M.
"TIGER'S CUB"

Night Prices:—Rs. 4, 3, 2, 1 and Ans. 8.
Matinee Prices:—Rs. 3, 1-8, 1 and Ans. 8.
Booking at Rose and Co.
Week days:—From 10 a.m. till 6 p.m.
Saturday:—From 10 a.m. till 1 p.m. and afterwards Advance.
Booking at the Theatre for to-night's performance only from 6 to 8 p.m. only.

POPULAR PICTURES
NO SHOW TO-DAY.
TO-MORROW AND FRIDAY AT 6-45 ONLY.
"THE INDIAN'S LAMENT"
"DOROTHY D—RES"
"WHEN THE CAT'S AWAY"
PATHE GAZETTE.
AND A MUSICAL TREAT BY THE BEST THEATRE ORCHESTRA IN THE EAST.

Prices: Re. 1-8 Re. 1 Ans. 8 and 4. Box seats Rs. 2.

LAST NIGHT OF PRESENT VARIETY PROGRAMME!
6-30 TO-NIGHT 10 p.m.
GAIETY THEATRE EDWARDES
PALACE OF VARIETIES
Present:
LA PETITE ZILLA
XAIDA STELLA
QUEENIE LLOYD
C. MORRIS
THE WEATHERLEYS
IN A MUSICAL ABSURDITY
THE
'PRINCE & THE TRAMP'
In addition
CINEMA DRAMA VANDETTA
And
Our Local Topical Event
GIFT TO THE RED CROSS
BY
H. H. THE MAHARAJA OF PATIALA
TO-MORROW THURSDAY
GAIETY'S GREATEST GALA NIGHT
The Musical Revue
The Bang Girls all There!
Eclipsing all Previous Productions
A REVOLUTION & TRIUMPH IN PHOTOGRAPHY.
WATCH FOR FULL PARTICULARS.

AMUSEMENTS.

? WHO IS THE LAUGHING MASK?
Next Saturday
PATHE PRESENTS
"THE IRON CLAW"
THE SUPER SENSATIONAL FILM SERIAL
PEARL WHITE
PEARL WHITE
PEARL WHITE
Starring the "Exploits of Elaine" Trio. PEARL WHITE, CHREIGHTON HALE. AND SHELDON LEWIS
This absorbing Mystery will be unfolded at
THE EXCELSIOR
Every Evening at 6-30 p.m.

IMPERIAL
PREMIER PICTURE PALACE OF BOMBAY.
Lamington Road.

Baby Marie Osborne, Pathe Star.

TO-NIGHT
BABY MARY SUNSHINE
The Youngest leading star of the world.
IN
"TOLD AT TWILIGHT"
"TOLD AT TWILIGHT"
"TOLD AT TWILIGHT"
A charming Gold-Rooster Play.
IN 5 ACTS
Featuring
Baby Marie Osborne
Daniel Gilfeather
and
HENRY KING of "Who Pays?" fame.
A film of unsurpassable beauty
A wholesome entertainment of the highest value
BRING YOUR CHILDREN ALONG.
also
"THE NATIONAL PARK OF YELLOWSTONE"
A beautiful Pathe Coloured Travel.
PATHE GAZETTE Latest.
"ALL IN THE DAYS WORK" A delightful Mutt and Jeff Cartoon.
"ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW"
Time—7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m., Daily. MATINEE Saturday & Sunday 5 p.m.

CONTINUED DELIRIOUS SUCCESS
OF
MACISTE-ALPINO
The world's greatest film
AT
ELDORADO
CINEMA
LOOK OUT FOR
The Mightiest Serial Achievement
The greatest thriller of them all cost 2½ million to produce
THE VOICE ON THE WIRE
Commencing Saturday 6th inst.,
AT THE
ELDORADO
ITALIAN CINEMA. LAMINGTON ROAD (North)
WHAT HAPPENED 17 YEARS AGO IN PARIS???
Follow each Episode carefully of the Voice-on-the Wire.

JUST A REMINDER.
The charming photo-play, depicting the ups and downs of a young scientific inventor,
THE PIRATE OF THE AIR
HAS BEEN DRAWING, AS EXPECTED, LARGE CROWDS DAILY AT THE
WEST END CINEMA
(NEW CHURNY ROAD.)
The Drama vividly depicts the pranks kismat plays with the inventor of an airship that promises to revolutionise aerial navigation. A grand picture play, in which you will see the latest developments in aeroplanes, airships and flying machines.
FOUR SHOWS DAILY AT—5-30, 7, 8-45 and 10-15 p. m. (S. T.)

NEW ALHAMBRA
CINEMA.
Programme Changes Every Sat. and Wednesday
Next Change from Wed. 3 October
When 2nd Instalment of 8,000 Feet.
of that Grand Serial
'THE PURPLE MASK'
Will be Exhibited
Most Astounding Events and Highly Sensational Scenoes will be the order of the day.
This is the Serial which will keep up Interest from Start to Finish.
PRICES HALF ONLY.
TO-DAY WEDNESDAY SPECIAL PRIZE MATINEE AT 5-5 P.M. (S. T.)
EVERY NIGHT AT—7, 8-45 and 10-30 (S. T.)
New Sandhurst Road.
Telephone No. 2417.

See
the screen version adapted from the well known novel of the same name
PAULA
a British Masterpiece in six reels
BY
the world renowned author and writer
VICTORIA CROSS
which is being now shown every night
AT
7-0 8-45 10-30
with the usual half rates only at Bombay's popular place of resort
NEW ALEXANDRA
Near Crawford Market.
N. B.—Artistic illustrated booklet of the complete story, price annas two.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR

To-night at 9-30 p. m.

Maurice E. Bandman & Wolseley Charles present the

BANDMAN MUSICAL COMEDY CO.

in a season of Popular Musical Plays.

To-day Wednesday 3rd October

THE DAIRYMAIDS

Thursday 4th and Friday 5th

"THE REDHEADS"

2nd Edition with the Great Snowball Finale

Saturday 6th October

"MISS HOOK OF HOLLAND"

Prices as usual. Plan at Rose & Co.

EVERY EVENING at 6-30

EXCELSIOR PICTURES.

THIS WEEK **THE EMPIRE**

Presents

A GOLD ROOSTER PLAY

IN 5 PARTS,

"THE EMPRESS"

The Great Charm of **"THE EMPRESS"** lies in the straightforward story. The lack of complexity and the intensity of the play as it unfolds itself upon the screen.

A story of a good but persecuted woman.

The sophistries of an artist

The enmity of another girl

The blackmailing of a man

The suspicions of a husband

A FILM OF PAGEANTRY

AND

INTENSE ACTING

'LONESOME LUKE'

and his Trolley trouble.

TO-DAY at 6-30, 8-15 & 10 P.M.

"SEVEN DAYS' LEAVE"

"In 'Seven Days' Leave' you have at least one new sensation, a Submarine lured to her doom"—DAILY TELEGRAPH.

NOW IN REHEARSAL BY THE

HOWITT-PHILLIPS COMPANY

and to be produced on

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10TH

AT THE

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

THE HEALTHY-LIFE BOOKS.

Designed to help busy people to an understanding of the Laws of Health.

New Cheap Series—Each Price 4 Ans. only.

1 Common Stomach Trouble. 2 The Cure of Chronic Catarrh. 3 Ideal Diet. 4 Fruit as Food and Medicine. 5 Fruit Oil in Health and sickness. 6 Common Salt a Cause of Disease. 7 Diabetes, its cause and Treatment. 8 Why food Reform is not Expensive? 9. Why our Teeth decay? 10 Morbid growths—their Causes and Treatment. 11 Cowless Butter and Milk.

Sole Agent:—**B. P. MADON,**

Health Culture Depot, SANTA CRUZ.

Branch: 297, Hornby Road, Fort.

Send for my 104 Pages Illustrated Catalogue. Cost 6 Ans., V. P. 8 Ans.

JUDGE BY RESULTS

Read the remarkable testimonials from both medical men and the general public and see what Erectruss has done for those suffering from Functional Weakness, Exhaustion and Debility even after other remedies had failed. Erectruss is the outcome of years of study and research and Dr. Bier's Principle of "Obstructive Hypergramia," on which it is based, is one of the wonders of medical science.

The Erectruss is a "specialist" itself in all but cost: always handy, a sure and *natural* cure for these diseases, yet the total cost of an Erectruss is only Rs. 15 (plus postage etc.) a low price indeed for such a miracle-worker. Before you forget, just sit down and write for the Free Descriptive Booklet—it may mean New Life to you. Address to ERECTRUSS (B. C.) Sole Agency, BATALA (India).

Dr. Bier's Erectruss

B. JOSHI & Co.,

GOLDSMITHS AND JEWELLERS,

ABDOOL REHMAN STREET,

Corner Pydhowni Baria Building,

BOMBAY.

Telephone No. 3523.

COMMERCIAL

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Oct. 1st.

		Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool		3,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.		
" " Sales of East Indian		
" " Imports		
Mid. Americans		18.80
Egyptian F.G.F.		27.75
New York 11 a.m., (As known in Liverpool at closing time)	Jan.	23.50
	Mar.	23.60
	May	23.70
New Orleans 10 a.m.	Jan.	22.82
	Mar.	22.90

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Oct. 1st.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES fixed for to-day:—

Old Contracts.

Months.		
Oct.	17.47	Unchgd.
Oct.-Nov.	17.05	Unchgd.
Nov.-Dec.	16.65	Unchgd.

New Contracts.

January	17.80
February	17.60
May	17.06

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Oct. 1st.

New Contracts.

Months.	
January	17 60
February	17.50
March	17.38
April	17.27
May	17.17

EGYPTIAN FUTURES.

Liverpool, Oct. 1st.

Months.	
Oct.	21.25
Nov.	21.50

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Oct. 1st.

M.G. Bengal Good	15.38
" " Fully Good	15.63
" " Fine	15.88
" No. 1 Oomra Good	17.00
" " " Fully Good	17.25
" " " Fine	17.50
" Broach Good	18.34
" " Fully Good	18.52
" " Fine	18.70
" Scinde Good	15.38
" " Fully Good	15.63
" " Fine	15.88

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 1st.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports		27,000
Futures at New York Jan.		23.63 -17
" Mar.		23.74 +18
" May		23.83
Spot Cotton at New York		25.25 + 5
" New Orleans		24.13 Unchgd.
Futures at New Orleans Jan.		22.83 +18
" " Mar.		22.06

MONEY MARKET.

London, Oct. 1st.

Bar Silver Spot	48½
Closing Tone of Silver:—Dull.	
Discount Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5th April, 1917.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	4 13/16
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	4 13/16
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	5 1/8
" " " 6 "	5 3/8
Interest day to day loans	4
" 7 day market loans	4 1/4
Consols 2½ %	54¾
Rupee Paper 3½ % Nominal	56
Indian Stock 3½ % Sterling Loan	65
Government Securities 3 %	55
Ex. on London at Paris Francs	27.55

WAR LOANS.

London, Oct. 1st.

3½ % 1925—1928	£86
4½ % 1925—1945	£100½
5 % New	£94½

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Oct. 1st.

RAPESEED.

All seeds only quoted for named steamers.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore usual Bold per ton Sept.-Oct. Sellers	595
Rapeseed Ferozepore Ordinary Aug.-Sept.	590
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat 416 lbs. ex-Ship per ton Sept.-Oct. Buyers	600
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship per ton Aug.-Sept. Value	560

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship Sept.-Oct. Buyers	600
Linseed small grain Sept.-Oct.	590
Linseed Calcutta Sept.-Oct. Value	595

COTTONSEED.

Cottonseed, Bombay (sound delivered per ton) Nominal	380

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£128
Standard Copper G.M.B. Nominal	£110½
Hard Spelter Nominal	—

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 15/15 C. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Nov. Sellers	12/3
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Nov. Sellers	22/6

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Oct.-Nov. Sellers	2/1½
Plantation First Latex Crepe Oct. Paid	2/8½

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Oct. 2.

The tone of the market was steadier this morning and Good Broach April was quoted Rs. 446 Exchange terms and Rs. 443 Association terms. The Marwari bazaar opened at Rs. 443½ for Good Broach and advanced to Rs. 445, and a little later on to Rs. 447. There was some enquiry in the bazaar, and the rate gradually improved to Rs. 448½ before Colaba. Rumours were current in the bazaar regarding the Bureau Report, but the Report has not yet been received, and it is probable that it was only published in New York to-day with the Ginners Report. At Colaba Good Broach was Rs. 446 Association terms, sellers but no buyers. On Exchange terms the rate touched Rs. 450 and closed at Rs. 449. A moderate business has been done.

Ready cotton continues steady with a moderate demand by exporters and mills, chiefly for high class lots and stapled description.

QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

NEW CROP

Good Broach	—	April	448
Fine Hingangbat Wardah	—	January	446
" Nagpur Kampti	"	"	442
" Khamgaon Akola	"	"	427
" Khandeish	"	"	462
" Muthia	"	"	385
" Bengal	"	"	363/4
Fully Good Bengal			342

Quotations for NEW CROP are nett, the 5½ per cent discount having been abolished.

QUOTATIONS 10-0 P.M.

NEW CROP.

Broach good	April		453
Bengal Fully good	January		344

BOMBAY COTTON TRADE ASSOCIATION

QUOTATIONS 2nd OCTOBER 1917.

Growths	Super fine	Fine	F.G.	Gd.	F.G.F.	Delivery
M.G. Bengals	345	335	323			Ready
H.G. Sind Punjab	344	334	322			"
M.G. Athni-Miraj						
"Good Staple"				437		"
Saw-Ginned Dharwar				440		"
M. G. Westerns				408	396	"
H.G. Westerns				398	386	"
M.G. Compta				451	437	"
M.G. Kadi Viramgam			461	446		"
M.G. Dhrangadra			455	440		"
M.G. Bagalkot				416		"
H.G. Bijapur				411		"

All the above quotations are nett, the 5½ per cent. discount having been abolished.

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc. for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. of 30th September:—

Cotton	1,581 bales
Wheat	12,688 cwts.
Linseed	247 "
Rape, Rai & Mustardseed, etc.	324 "
Gingellyseed	Nil
Poppyseed	Nil
Groundnuts	Nil
Castorseed	1,168 "
Rice	30,227 "
Myrabollams	1,478 "
Cottonseed	812 "
Mowraseed	Nil
Gram	2,068 "
Jowar	Nil
Maize	91 "
Barley	176 "

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE CO., LD.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange:

COLABA, 2nd Oct., 1917, at 5-30 p.m.

Growths	Super Fine	Fully Good	Delivery
Bengals (H.G) Bengals (M.G.)		342	1/25th Jan 18
Scinde-Punjab (M.G.) Khandesh (M.G.)			
Jalna (M.G.) Barsee (M.G.) Oomrawatee descriptions (M.G) Dhamangaum Poolgaum (M.G.) Yeotmal (M.G.)			
Nagpore Kamptl (M.G.) Wardha H'ghat (M.G.)			
Broach (M.G.) Surat (M.G.) Ma hi's (M.G.) Bhagalkote (M.G.)		450	1/25th Apl.
Sawgd. Dharwar			
Westerns (M.G.			
Westerns (H.G.) Compta (M.G.)			

Rates are unchanged.

The rates quoted are nett per Kandy without 5½ per cent discount.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, Oct. 2nd.

Ready.	Bazar Terms. Rs. as. p.	Rail Delivery. Rs. as. p
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	42 0 0	6 6 0
" " Cawnpore 70-30	42 0 0	6 6 0
" Karachi Bangla	44 0 0	6 7 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	6 10 0	7 9 0
" " Cawnpore	6 8 0	6 14 0
" Yellow Cawnpore	6 14 0	7 4 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	7 6 0	7 12 0
" Thin	7 2 0	7 8 0
Teelseed, White 85.15	44 0 0	9 4 0
" Gajar 75.25	43 0 0	9 2 0
" Gajar 50.50	42 0 0	9 0 0
" Black	37 0 0	7 15 0
Poppyseed, White	7 6 0	7 12 0
Groundnuts	37 8 0	7 14 0
Mowrasseed	3 14 0	4 4 0
Jawrie	29 8 0	4 3 0
Arandi	42 8 0	8 11 0
Forward.	Rs. as. p.	
Wheat May	6 8 0	
Linseed May	8 12 0	

BULLION.

The silver market is quiet but steady and the London price is down to 48¼d. The China Market is closed.

Bar Gold, Rs. 25-12.

Sovereign Rs. 15-15.

Silver Ready Ex-duty, Rs. 99-8.

Silver 1st Sett. Ex-duty, Rs. 99-10.

Silver 2nd Sett. Ex-duty, Rs. 99-3.

EXCHANGE.

Bank Tel. Transfer, 1/4 31/32.

Bank demand draft, 1/5 1/32.

3 Months' sight Credits, 1/5 13/32.

Bank demand on France, Fr. 194.

3 Months' Sight Francs, Fr. 200¾.

D. D. on Hongkong, Rs. 210.

D. D. on Shanghai, Rs. 309¼.

T. T. on Japan, Rs. 150.

60 days' sight Japan, Rs. 140¼.

Bank demand on New York, Rs. 297½.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates:—

5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47 Cum-warrant, Rs. 95.

Warrant, Rs. 2/7 per cent.

4 per cent. Conversion Loan, Rs. 82.

4 per cent. Conversion Terminable Loan, Rs. 95.

3½ per Small pieces, Rs. 69.

3 per cent. Small pieces, 58.

4 per cent. Port Trust Bond guaranteed redeemable 3 Months' notice, Rs. 80.

4 per cent. Long dated, 78.

Municipal Long dated, Rs. 76.

Municipal Short dated, Rs. 80.

City Improvement Trust 60 Years Jan-July, Rs. 79.

5 per cent. Municipal Tansa, Rs. 92.

Sanitary, Rs. 94.

The following are the Bank rates:—

Bank of Bombay, 5 per cent.

Bank of Bengal, 5 per cent.

Bank of Madras, 6 per cent.

SHARES

The share market opened firm and there was an improvement in the rates and at the colse there was a slight re-action due to profit-taking. The undertone of the market continues to be good.

Standards were placed at prices varying from Rs 1,850 to Rs. 1,885, and closed at Rs. 1,855, Madhavjees from Rs. 2,490 to Rs. 2,445, Fuzulbhoys from Rs. 852/8, to Rs. 845, Nagpurs from Rs. 2,625 to Rs. 2,600.

Bombay United improved to Rs. 780, Century to Rs. 335, Crescents to Rs. 245, Currimbhoys to Rs. 375, Davids to Rs. 527/8, Finlays to Rs. 335, Indian Bleeching to Rs. 235, Indore Malwa to Rs. 382/8. Kasturchand to Rs. 1,335, Kohinoor to Rs. 892/8, New Greats to Rs. 225, Pearls to Rs. 575, Simplex to Rs. 762/8. Swan to Rs. 385, and Swadeshis to Rs. 1,835.

Katni ordinary declined to Rs. 247/8, and Deferreds to Rs. 1,255. Tata Iron ordinary were steady at Rs. 262/8, and Deferreds were placed between Rs. 1,245 and Rs. 1,240.

Bombay Tram were quoted at Rs. 342/8, and Bombay Steam at Rs. 300.

SALE! SALE!!

Rare Opportunity to lovers of

High Class Boots & Shoes

4000 Sample Pairs of American Boots and Shoes of different Size and Shape.

Ladies' Shoes from Rs. 4-4 to 6-8

AT

BOMBAY HIGH CLASS BOOT & SHOE Co.

First Floor,

CRAWFORD MARKET,

BOMBAY.

IMPERIAL

ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW

Saturday, October 6th

THE SERIAL SUPREME

"PATRIA"

Featuring

Mrs. VERNON CASTLE

The best known and best Dressed Woman in America.

An absolute feast of thrills.

IMPERIAL

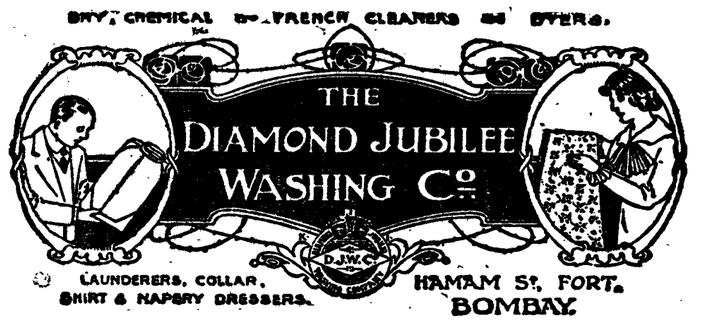
The Premier Picture Palace of Bomboy.

Lamington Road.

IMPERIAL LOOK OUT

LOOK OUT FOR

"PATRIA"



THE STAR ELECTRIC CO.,

191, Hornby Road, Fort,

Maneckbai Building, Bombay.

Electrical Accessories, Fans, Wires, Lamps and Fancy goods always on hand. Contracts undertaken. Suppliers o Chemicals and Mill Stores.

PRIZE RUPEES 500.

Free from any poisonous drug.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

"YOUTH"

"RHEMANI PHARMACY'S" REAL YAKUT Called "YOUTH" Contains AMBER, MUSK, PEARLS

And high qualities of drugs. It is specially prepared for ROYAL FAMILIES and is THE REAL LIFE-GIVING NECTAR. "YOUTH" is SECOND TO NONE for all NERVINE DISEASES and LOST MANHOOD. It requires no recommendation as it has become too FAVOURITE and WELL-KNOWN to the Public.

Price per Bottle

1 oz. Re. 7; 2 ozs. Rs 13; 4 ozs. Rs 25.

RHEMANI TONIC PILLS.

Specially for Lost Manhood only.

20 Pills Re. 1-4; 40 Pills Rs. 2.

V. P. P. Extra.

RHEMANI PHARMACY,

Aga Building, Parel Road (Bhindi BAZAR.)

BOMBAY, No. 2.

IT IS AN OPEN FACT

that **Otto Mohini** and **Robinia Hair Oil** are the most favourite toilets of Asia.

Ask for particulars—

Mohini Agency

(C) Jooma Masjid, BOMBAY.

WHAT DO THE DOCTORS SAY ABOUT

ATLAS TONIC

"The Favourite of the Physicians?"

"I have prescribed Stearn's Atlas Tonic extensively in my practice and it has yielded good results invariably. It proves very helpful where nervous breakdown is associated with digestive disorders in which cases its action is most marked and rapid. I recommend it for General debility and convalescence after illness as well as for brain fag, loss of memory and sleeplessness due to too much worry or mental overwork."

Sd.—F. R. C. S.

"Stearn's Atlas Tonic is very powerful and successful restorative of the Nervous and Digestive Systems, and as such it is used largely by my patients with excellent results."

Sd.—M. B. B. S., F. R. C. S.

MADON SONS & Co

CRAWFORD MARKET BOMBAY

The Celebrated Indian Confectioner

AMICHAND GOVANJI

The Oldest and Most Popular Confectionery Depot in India.

(Established over Half a Century Ago.)

Opposite Jumma Masjid, Shaik Memon Street, Out Fort, Bombay.

'Phone No. 676.

This establishment has been specially awarded the following Certificate:—

Vegetarian Federal Union,

16, Farringdon Street, E.C.,

We beg to inform the Vegetarian Federal Union of London that Amichand Govanji, the Indian Confectioner of Bombay, has been awarded a Certificate from the Vegetarian Exhibition and Congress held in the year 1898 for the excellence and delicacy of his Confectionery.

(Sd) W. HILL, *Chairman*,

(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, *Secretary*.

THE LADWAS (Sweet Balls) of various descriptions and sizes.

THE SUTARFENNY (a kind of thread like round cake) sweetened and fragrant.

HALVAS of different descriptions such as (a) Mahim Halva (or Viv). (b) Saffron Halva with almonds, (c) Gummy Halva, (d) Rose scented Halva. (e) Vanila Halva, (f) Muskati Halva, (g) Ice Cream Halva (h) Orange Halva.

All orders are executed under competent supervision with care and promptitude.

No such so-called preparations are genuine unless purchased from our Depot bearing our sign board and bearing a printed label on the wrappers as well.

No V.P.P. Orders will receive our attention. The generous Public are requested to give us a trial.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Hindu: 3rd Vad of Bhadrapad, 1973.
Mahomedan: 15th of Julhaj, 1335.
Jewish, 17th of Thisri, 5677.
Parsi: 23rd of Farwardin, 1287.
Sunrise: 6h. 26min. Sunset: 6h. 27min.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Public Meeting to ask for release of Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali, Shantaram's Chawl, Mugbhat, 6-45 p.m.

Mails for the Straits Settlements, Saigon, Manilla and Hongkong via Negapatam will be closed at the General Post Office at 12 noon on Wednesday the 3rd instant.

"Sudha Chandra," Gaiety Theatre 9 p.m. (S. T.), in Aid of the Surat Hindu Orphanage.

FRIDAY, Oct. 5.

Mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT.

Excelsior Theatre: Bandman Musical Comedy Co., at 9-30 in "The Dairymaids" and Excelsior Pictures at 6-30 p.m.

Royal Opera House Cinema: 6-45 and 9 p.m. The Howitt-Phillips Company in "Peg O'My Heart."

Palace of Varieties: At 6-30 and 10 p.m., every Wednesday, Saturday and Monday Show, every Sunday at 6-30 p.m., at Edwards.

Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 6-45, 8-30 and 10 p.m.

West End Cinema: Charni Road, 5-30, 7-0 8-45 and 10-15.

New Alexandra Cinema near Crawford Market 7, 8-45, 10-30 p.m.

Anglo-American Cinema: Sandhurst Road 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.

New Alhambra Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 7-45, 9-0 and 10-45.

Imperial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-15 p.m.

Empire Cinema: 6-30, 8-15 and 10-0 p.m.

Olympia Cinema: Sandhurst Road.

G. I. P. TRAINS FROM BOMBAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	16 0	14 20
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore). ..	15 0	21 0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9 15	13 0
Madras Mail	8 40	21 30
Poona Mail	11 25	14 45
Delhi Express (3rd and Inter Class).	8 30	7 0
Poona Express	19 40	7 55

	Dep.
Punjab Postal Express } Calcutta Do. do. } Madras Do. do.	On days of arrival seven hours after mail steamer is signalled

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following are the arrival and departure times from Colaba:—

BOMBAY.	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Northern Express	11 35	17 0
Gujrat Mails	8 15	21 0
Kathiawar 3rd Class Express ..	7 40	21 21

Domestic Occurrence.

DEATH.

DR. VALLADARES:—Luis Angelino Valladares, eldest son of the late Mr. Luis Maria Valladares, late Under Secretary to Government, P.W.D., Bombay. Aged 55 died at Colombo, on 28th September, 1917, leaving a widow, R. I. P.

POONA RIFLES.

POONA, Oct. 2.

885. Musketry.—The Rifle range is allotted for Class firing as follows:—
Tuesday, 2nd.—Recruits, Part I, Table B.
Wednesday, 3rd.—Recruits, Part II, Table B.
Thursday, 4th.—Recruits, Part I, Table B.
Friday 5th.—Recruits, Part I, Table B.
Saturday, 6th.—Recruits, Part II, Table B.

Members detailed to attend on the above days will parade on the range at 7 a.m. Dress, Drill order, Grey shirts. Rifles will be issued on the range.

886. Clothing.—The Quartermaster's Stores will open for issue of Clothing from 8 to 10 a.m. daily until further notice.

PART II.

887. Increase.—The undermentioned is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "A" Company.

No. 731, Pte. B. D. Burge.

888. Decrease.—The undermentioned is struck off the strength of the Corps from this date.

No. 164, Pte. V. La Personne "A" Coy. transferred to 1st B. B. & C. I. Railway Rifles.

889. Leave.—The undermentioned are granted leave of absence for the period stated against their names:—

No. 511, Sergt. C. E. Gilbert, Satara Dett. from 10-9-17 to 14-9-17.

No. 469, L.-Cpl. C. D. McIver, Satara Dett., from 10-9-17 to 14-9-17.

No. 473, Pte. B. A. Brendon, Satara Dett., from 17-9-17 to 28-9-17.

No. 515, Pte. F. St. J. Gobbie, "B" Coy., from 5-10-17 to 10-11-17.

Capt. C. J. J. Fox, from 3-10-17 to 1-11-17.

890. Musketry Class.—A Divisional Musketry Class will commence at Poona on Monday, the 22nd October, 1917. Officers and N. C. O.'s desirous of attending the above class will report to Headquarters office by 7 a.m. on Wednesday, 3rd instant.

891. Extract.—The following extract from Brigade orders dated 1-10-17 is republished for information:—

"Examination 1085. A Board of Officers composed as under will assemble at 7 a.m. on Monday, 8-10-17, on the Poona Rifles Parade Ground, to examine Officers for their retention in the Indian Defence Force.

President Major H. O. Warren Codrington, 103 Maratta Light Infantry.

Member, Captain R. T. Frere, 2nd Norfolk Regiment.

892. Meeting.—A general meeting of the Miniature Rifle Club will be held at Headquarters on Monday, 8th October, at 6 p.m. All members of the Corps are invited to attend.

A. R. KEARSEY, Capt.,
Adjutant, Poona Rifles.

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Rly. Regt., will play this evening a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Bandmaster, commencng at 6-15.

HOME RULE LEAGUE.

Under the joint auspices of the Home Rule League, a public meeting will be held to-day at 6-45 p.m., to ask for the release of Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali, at Shantaram's Chawl, Mugbhat, near Kandawadi.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

A single attack of plague, with no fatal cases, was reported on Monday. There were no cases of either small-pox or cholera. The total mortality from all causes was 74, as compared with 77 of the corresponding day of 1916 and 59 of 1915.

A CHARITY PERFORMANCE

The Proprietor of the Bombay Gujrati Natak Mandali will stage their popular play "Sudha Chandra," at the Gaiety Theatre, on Wednesday, 10th October, 1917, at 9 p.m. in Aid of the Surat Hindu Orphanage.

INDIAN ECONOMIC SOCIETY.

Under the auspices of this Society a formal discussion will be held on "The Present Exchange Situation" at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.), to-day, at the Servants of India Society's Home, Sandurst Road, Girgaon. Mr. B. F. Madon will open the discussion and Prof. V. G. Kale and others will participate in it. The meeting is open to the public.

BOMBAY MEDICAL UNION.

A meeting of the members of the Managing Committee will be held at the Sanitary Institute, Princess Street, to-day at 7 p.m. (S.T.) to draft a representation to be submitted to Mr. Montagu on the re-organization of the Medical Services in India in the light of the experiences of the present war and the consequent mobilization of the profession. Those members who are not members of the Managing Committee are also requested to take part in the proceedings of the meeting.

MOTOR ACCIDENTS.

Motor car No. 161 O.H.M.S., was being driven through 1st Marine Street from Queen's Road to Dhobi Talao on Monday, when a girl named Umabai, aged seven years, who was playing on the road in front of her house, ran in front of the car and was knocked down. Both bones of the right shin were broken. The car was at once stopped and the girl was removed to the G. T. Hospital, where she was detained for treatment.

Motor car No. 12 O.H.M.S., was being driven by Shunker Luxman along Queen's Road towards Marine Lines on Monday evening, followed by taxi-car No. 2821 driven by Jehangir Hormusji Vazir. It is alleged that as the car No. 12 turned to go into the compound of a bungalow the taxi had to swerve to the right to avoid running into it. The two cars ran abreast and car No. 12 ran into the left hand gate post, knocking it down. Both cars were slightly damaged.

Cawasji Pestonji, a Parsi, residing in Panday's "dharamsala" at Churney Road, whilst crossing Queen's Road on Monday night, came in front of motor car No. 4734 and was knocked down, but luckily escaped with slight abrasions, as the driver pulled up before the car could pass over him.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

Last night the Howitt-Phillips Company delighted another large audience at the Royal Opera House with a further performance of that amusing comedy, "A Pair of Silk Stockings." The Company have established themselves even more firmly in the public regard this season than ever and are doing fine business. The matinees, as before, are looked forward to anxiously and always register packed houses. To-day at 5 o'clock "Milestones" is being done, by special request, while at night the prime favourite, "Peg O' My Heart" is again to be presented. The staging of "Diana of Dobson's" on Friday is very welcome, as this original play has not been seen in Bombay for some years.

Preparations are almost complete for the first night (next Wednesday) of "Seven Days' Leave," a melodrama that is sure to cause a positive furore here as it is doing still in London. The Company are working very hard to make it a huge success.

ENTERTAINMENT AT BANDRA.

The Girl Guides of St. Joseph's Convent High School, at Bandra, gave a very pleasant entertainment on Saturday evening in aid of the prisoners of war. The programme arranged for the evening was very interesting. The music and songs were much appreciated. The "Guides Song" was given in a pleasing manner. "O Wert thou in the cauld blast" was very well rendered by the Misses O'Neil. Great amusement was caused by the Nursery Rhymes and dancing of sprightly tiny girls in fancy dresses. Miss Jones as "General Longshanks" in a comic scene kept the audience in continued roars of laughter. Miss Chappell gave some good music. The second part of the programme consisted of a few scenes from The Merchant of Venice. Misses Jones Cleur and O'Neil played with considerable ability the parts of the Duke Venice. Antonio and Bassanio respectively. Miss Sampson looked very dainty as Portia and acted her part most spendidly and charmingly. Miss Guest acquitted herself most creditably as Shylock. She gave a vivid and life-like characterization of the Rich Jew. All the minor characters also did their parts well. The whole thing was an undoubted success. The entertainment provided was without doubt one of excellent quality and the sisters who organized it deserve great credit.

DEATH OF BOMBAY JOURNALIST.

We regret to announce the death of Mr. Nanabhoy B. Masani, a retired journalist, which occurred from heart failure at his residence at Harvey Road, Bombay, on Monday. Mr. Musani first entered the teaching profession and subsequently took to journalism. He was for a number of years on the editorial staff of the "Bombay Gazette," which he left to take up his appointment as Secretary to the Municipal Schools Committee. He retired from this post about two years ago.

CONCESSIONS TO RAJPIPLA RECRUITS.

His Highness the Maharaja of Rajpipla, who is a member of the Provincial Recruiting Board, Bombay, and who takes a very keen and personal interest in the recruitment of combatants and non-combatants, has made a fervent appeal to his subjects, exhorting them to respond to the call of the Empire by enlisting freely, and has announced substantial concessions to the intending recruits and their families.

IMPROVEMENT OF COOPERAGE.

MR. COWASJI JEHANGIR'S SUGGESTION.

A meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held yesterday, Mr. J. P. Orr presiding.

Mr. Cowasji Jehangir moved, "that the northern end of the Cooperage be laid out as a proper promenade, the following being provided for: (a) a lawn 480 by 125 approximately, at a capital cost not exceeding Rs. 5,000 and an annual maintenance charge not exceeding Rs. 700 per annum; (b) fifty benches to be placed on either side of the promenade at a cost not exceeding Rs. 2,500."

Mr. Cowasji Jehangir said this matter was brought up before the Board in 1912, but nothing had been done hitherto. They badly wanted recreation grounds in the city and they should not allow this opportunity to go by. At present the condition of the place was disgraceful. He suggested that the land should be laid out as a lawn.

The Chairman enquired if Mr. Cowasji knew of any lawn which was promenaded by several hundred people daily.

Mr. Cowasji Jehangir said the lawns in the Eden Garden at Calcutta were promenaded upon.

Mr. A. M. Tod said he did not know of any plot in Bombay where grass was allowed to be walked on.

It was eventually resolved to request the Chairman to report in the matter.

JEWELLERY WORTH RS. 56,000 MISSING.

A SHEIKH MEMON STREET SENSATION.

Bhaichand Talakchand, a jeweller, residing on the first floor of a house in Sheikh Memon Street, Bombay, has made a report to the Police that on Sunday evening he went to open his safe to put therein jewellery of the value of Rs. 56,000 which his wife had left in a drawer of a cupboard prior to her departure for her native place four days ago. He further says that on going to get the keys from under the bed, where he had left them on Saturday morning, he failed to find them. He then went to the drawer which to his dismay he found empty.

A DISTRICT BANK FOR SHOLAPUR.

On the 24th September, a round-table conference of the leading co-operators and other gentlemen of the Sholapur District was held in Sholapur under the presidency of the Collector, Mr. A. H. A. Simcox, to discuss the project of a District Co-operative Bank. The District Judge, Mr. Dixit, the Assistant Collector, Mr. Braham, and other District officers were present on the occasion. Several rural societies were represented at the meeting by their chairmen. The Registrar, Mr. R. B. Ewbank, briefly explained the case for a District Bank and then it was unanimously resolved to establish one at an early date. The Registrar announced that he would register the Bank, as soon as the promoters would collect Rs. 20,000 in cash. It was a very successful meeting and Rs. 5,000 worth of shares were subscribed to on the spot.

SELF-GOVERNMENT FOR INDIA,

MADRAS CHRISTIANS WELCOME IDEAL,

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Oct. 1.

At a public meeting of Indian Christians held this evening for the purpose of discussing the present political situation in India, with Mr. M. D. Deva Doss, Bar-at-Law, in the chair, the following resolutions were passed.—

The Indian Christians in a public meeting assembled do respectfully thank the Viceroy and his Majesty's Government at Home for the enunciation of a liberal policy of advance towards the goal of self-government in India. (2) In view of the Secretary of State's declaration that the legitimate goal of British rule in India is the evolution of self-government, it is our firm conviction the steps should be taken to bring about a gradual devolution of power and to organise and perfect the representative institutions in a cordial spirit of co-operation between the people and the Government.

CHIEF OF SAWANTVADI,

SUBJECTS' MEMORIAL TO BOMBAY GOVERNMENT.

(From a Correspondent.)

SAWANTWADI, Oct. 2.

The following telegram has been sent to the Bombay Government, the Viceroy and the Secretary of State for India by the mercantile community of Sawantwadi State:—

Hindu, Mahomedan and Christian merchants of the Sawantwadi State in Bombay Presidency in a public meeting assembled, while they are proud to see their minor Chief determined to serve the British Empire on the battle-field, request your Excellency to dissuade him from going to the front in Mesopotamia, for which he is to start shortly as a Lieutenant attached to the 116 Mahrattas as he is the only surviving descendant of his illustrious line and as he returned to this State yesterday from England after spending twelve years abroad for his education.

The Chief is a ward of the Bombay Government and the minor's interest the Government is bound to watch scrupulously. The State of Sawantwadi has already supplied 1,200 recruits for the present war and the work of recruiting will much prosper if the Chief be asked to help it. He will thus be more useful to the British Empire if he remains in this State.

CO-OPERATOR'S WEEK IN BOMBAY.

The scheme of training co-operative secretaries from all over the Presidency started by the Servants of India Society and the Co-operative Department has been attracting year after year a large number of men for this kind of training. This year's class which started its work on the 22nd of September went on with a threefold course of training undertaken by a Committee. More than half a dozen lectures on various questions dealing with the Co-operative movement were delivered; more than a dozen teaching or demonstrations of co-operative subjects were given by expert co-operators; all places of co-operative interest in Bombay were visited and their work and principles were studied and elementary and advanced co-operative accountancy was studied under the instruction of Government auditors; the connection of agriculture in its educational, administrative and business aspects was shown by visits to Cotton Green, Grainstores, Vegetables Markets, Cotton Mills, Floor Mills, &c., &c. The future possibilities of co-operation were also pointed. The class concluded its session on Sunday night by a very interesting and instructive meeting, at the end of which came an entertainment, in which all the sixty-five secretaries from outside and the prominent co-operators in Bombay joined. On this occasion the Hon. Mr. Chunilal V. Mehta presided. Mr. Devadhar, Chairman of the Committee, spoke giving a brief resume of the work of the class and the progress the movement for training the secretaries had made.

MR. DEVADHAR'S SPEECH.

By comparison with last year's work, he showed how the movement of giving systematic training to the secretaries of co-operative societies was rapidly progressing and becoming popular. Last year out of the 68 students that attended the class regularly only 57 or 83 per cent. of those on the regular list, appeared for the examinations whereas this year out of 60 that regularly attended 55 appeared for the examination or 93 per cent. of those on this roll. The number admitted in the class this year was slightly smaller because students were admitted free last year the Committee levied this year a fee of Rs. 3 for the tuition. The examinations showed that this year's material was much better selected than that of the last year. There was, therefore, noticed a growing desire on the part of both the Co-operative Department and the outside co-operators to place this movement on a permanent and popular basis. Accordingly a definite proposal was presented to the last Provincial Conference, and it was adopted and the hope was expressed that the Government would lend it necessary financial support and moral encouragement. Then there would be a network of such classes in important district towns of the Presidency. Thus the idea which was taken up by the Servants of India Society as an experimental measure in this direction in 1914, had come to stay. Last year Government granted Rs. 550 for training 30 co-operative secretaries in this class; this year their number was increased by 36 with a proportionate increase in their grant which was Rs. 700 with a promise that it might be slightly raised if there were need for it. Moreover, last year the Committee was able to secure two medals for awarding to the secretaries of different groups, while this year the Committee was fortunate enough to get 5 medals, from Sir Stanley Reed, Chief of Ichalkaranjee, the Hon. Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, and Mr. Rebello. Lastly, he appealed to the secretaries who really constituted the brain of the movement to understand fully their responsibility, on the right, sympathetic and intelligent discharge of which depended the making or the marring of the movement.

Mr. Devadhar was followed by Sir Stanley Reed, the Hon. Mr. Lalubhai and Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhale. Mr. Ewbank said that but for Mr. Devadhar's enthusiasm and help the idea of training secretaries would not have fructified. Then two of the secretaries described how they were benefitted by the institution and how grateful they felt to Mr. Devadhar and the Committee for their labours. The Chairman indicated how distinct was the growth and popularity of this movement. A vote of thanks moved by Mr. Bhaskarrao Mehta and seconded by Mr. Gonehalli brought the proceedings to a close. After partaking of refreshments the meeting dispersed.

POONA RACES.

A CORRECTION.

In the last paragraph of our Racing Correspondent's report of last Saturday's Poona Races, the word "meretricious" was, through a printer's error, substituted for the word "meritorious"—the word intended by the Correspondent.

AJMER LUCKY BAG.

It has been decided to have a Lucky Bag at Ajmer in aid of the "Our Day" celebrations announced by his Excellency the Viceroy to take place on December the 12th for the purpose of collecting funds for Red Cross Work which for Rajputana has been undertaken by the Ajmer "Our Day" Committee. Gifts in kind whether large or small will be most gratefully accepted by Mrs. Leslie-Jones, Mayo College, Ajmer and gifts of money by the Honorary Treasurer, Mr. F. R. C. Bamlet, c/o Alliance Bank of Simla, Ltd., Ajmer. A list of prizes received will be published in the principal papers, and the prize list will be closed on or about the 10th of November.

FOOTBALL IN RANGOON.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Oct. 2.

In the Walter Locke Shield final last evening, the Y. M. C. A. beat Rangoon College team by five goals to nil. Mrs. G. Blackstock presented the trophy and medals to the winning team

ANDHRA CONFERENCE.

PRESIDENT ON NON-BRAHMIN SEPARATISM.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Oct. 1.

Mr. C. V. Narasimha Raju, who presided at a special session of the Andhra Conference yesterday at Bezwada, in the course of his presidential address referring to the non-Brahmin movement, said that the non-Brahmin movement was newly started in the province and carefully engineered. According to the view of some of the non-Brahmin leaders they want a separate representative for the various castes, according to their importance in various localities, but this could be accepted. No workable scheme can be put forward on this basis and it is detrimental to the national movement and to national unity. Even the principle of separate representation for Mahomedans was detrimental to national interests. When Government called for the views of various gentlemen in 1907 on this question, the most prominent non-Brahmin leaders, such as the Maharaja of Bobbili, the Raja of Kurapam, the Raja of Pithapuram, the Raja of Kollengode, Mr. Rajaratnam Moodelier and various others disapproved the idea of representation by castes. The Board of Revenue and the Madras Government came to the same conclusion on that occasion. The number of non-Brahmin representatives in the local Council is always satisfactory.

CONGRESS CONTRETEMPS.

FINAL DECISION TO REST WITH ALL-INDIA COMMITTEE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 2.

The "Amrita Bazar Patrika" learns that there seems to have occurred some hitch about the compromise between the two wings of the Congress Reception Committee. So the matter is likely to be brought before the All-India Congress Committee for final decision.

MADRAS PETITION TO MR. MONTAGU

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Oct. 2.

At a meeting of the Congress Propaganda Committee the question of arranging for signatures for a petition to be presented to Mr. Montagu, in favour of the Congress-Muslim League scheme was considered and it was resolved that a special committee consisting of Mrs. Annie Besant (President), the Hon. Mr. Yakub Hasan, Dewan Bahadur L. A. Govindaraghava Aiyer, Mr. S. Kasturiranga Aiyanger, Mr. G. A. Natesan, Mr. T. V. Gopalaswami Mudaliar and Mr. A. Rangaswami Aiyangar, with Mr. C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar as secretary, be appointed to carry on the work in co-operation with all political bodies and that a special committee do report progress every week to the Congress Propaganda Committee.

LINGAYATS AND REFORM SCHEME.

(From a Correspondent.)

SHOLAPUR, Oct. 2.

A crowded meeting of the Lingayat community was held yesterday evening at Rao Bahadur Warad's pathashala to discuss the coming reforms. Mr. Gurshantapa Umbarji, a merchant, presided. A lively discussion followed. The first resolution unanimously supported fully the self-government resolution adopted at Lucknow by the Congress and the Moslem League. The second resolution demanded seperate representation for the Lingayats without affecting the above resolution. The third resolution decided to call a Sholapur District Lingayat Conference as early as possible to discuss the above questions.

HOME RULE AT KAPADWANJ.

(From a Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 1.

A Home Rule deputation from Ahmedabad headed by Mr. Shiwabhai Patel arrived here on Sunday the 30th September. A large public meeting under the presidency of Nagarsheth Jeshanbhai was held in the Manekbai Dharmashala. Mr. Shivabhai, and Mr. Marelankar, addressed the audience. About two hundred people signed the petition to Mr. Montagu prepared by Mr. M. K. Gandhi.

Another public meeting was held in the Badari Bag on Saturday 29th. Messrs. Indulal Yagnik and Madhavlal Darivedi were the principal speakers.

NAGPUR STUDENTS ON STRIKE.

A FRESH TROUBLE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

NAGPUR, Oct. 2.

One R. V. Bande, a student of Matric standard of the New English High School, on his admission to his headmaster that he attended a Home Rule meeting, was rusticated from the school for one year. Upon this a common cause was made, and to show sympathy with the rusticated student some 140 students of the Matric classes went on strike yesterday. The New English High School is a private school with Government grant.

INDIAN WAR LOAN.

BOMBAY POST OFFICE SECTION.

		1-10-17		Up-to-date.
War Loan	Rs.	.. ..	Rs.	3,53 930
War Bonds	,,	2,000	,,	14,18 375
Cash Certificates	,,	8,385-8	,,	21,58,581 4
Total	Rs.	10,385-8	Rs.	39,60,906-4

MRS. BESANT'S RELASE.

SOUTH INDIAN PLANTERS' PROTEST.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Oct. 1.

Mr. J. S. Nicolas, Chairman, United Planters' Association of South India, in the course of a letter to the Hon. Mr. Barbar, Planters' representative in the provincial Legislative Council, has written:

"I would ask you to place before the Government a strong protest against the unrestricted release of Mrs. Besant and her confederates. I fully recognised and appreciated the forbearance shown by his Excellency Lord Pentland and the Madras Government to Mrs. Besant and her confederates when offering them release from their internment on their giving a promise to confine their energies in furthering their theosophical propaganda on constitutional lines. The action of the Government of India in recommending the Government of Madras to remove the restriction placed on Mrs. Besant and her confederates can only be viewed as a premium on further agitation."

HON. MR. BARBER'S LETTER.

A letter has been sent by the Hon. Mr. F. Barber, Plainting Member of the Council, to the Acting Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras in which Mr. Barber says:—

My Association and planters in general have not hitherto taken any active part in politics and there has been no need to do so, but at the present juncture I have been asked to make a strong protest on behalf of my community against the release of Mrs Besant and her associates. We have followed the course of events with much interest and I can say that the action taken by the Madras Government met with the approval of all, though to some without any real knowledge of the matter it appears that this action was taken somewhat tardily. It is, therefore, with grave concern that we see the considered action of the Madras Government overruled. Naturally we have no knowledge of the main fact of the cases beyond what has been published in the papers, but from that we consider that the internment was well advised and necessary in the best interest of the country. So equally we believed this unconditional release to be a blow to the prestige of Government and a serious danger to the country. As a scattered community we have some opportunity of judging the feeling of the people for we are in constant touch with that class which forms the bulk of the population. It is on behalf of such as these that we have a right to protest against the mischievous Home Rule propaganda being allowed. I believe that very often the poor Indian is looked upon as something to be exploited by his more fortunately placed brother. On the other hand, we find a small body of men always ready to seize slightest pretext to make trouble where no trouble existed before and since we find that these men nearly always are members of the same profession and belong to the same class that is shouting for Home Rule, we can only come to the conclusion that this Home Rule cry as raised by Mrs. Besant has no real national feeling behind it, but is merely self-advertisement for self-aggrandisement of a few, who in their boastfulness call themselves the mouthpiece of the people.

TUTICORN CHAMBER'S PROTEST.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Oct. 2.

The Tuticorin Chamber of Commerce has cabled to the Prime Minister, the Secretary of State, the Government of India and the Government of Madras, as follows:—

"Chamber views Mrs. Besant's unconditional release with grave misgivings. Internment order issued after due considerations by Madras Government, composed of men of mature Indian experience, whose measures for maintenance of law and order cannot be overruled without seriously imperilling country's present and future welfare."

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A MEETING

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Home Rule Leagues will be held to-day.

AT 6-30 P.M. (S.T.).

AT

SHANTARAM'S CHAWL, MUGBHAT, KANDEWADI,

to urge on the Government the reconsideration of the release of

MESSRS MOHAMED ALI AND SHAUKAT ALI.

Mr. Bholabhai Desai will preside, and among the speakers will be Messrs. B. G. Tilak, B. G. Horniman, Jamnadas Dwarkadas and Syud Hossain.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Wednesday, October 3, 1917.

THE CASE OF MOHAMED ALI AND SHAUKAT ALI.

It was at the last meeting of the autumn session of the Imperial Legislative Council, on September 26th, that, replying to Mr. Jinnah, Sir William Vincent announced the intentions of the Government regarding the release of Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali. It would be no exaggeration to say that the statement in question has created the most profound dismay throughout the country. The disappointment, especially of the Mussalman community, has been all the keener because of the hopes that had, by implication, been held out in the earlier pronouncement of the Home Member on the Government's policy towards interned leaders. What Moslem feeling is in the matter is being attested, with growing emphasis, from every part of India. But the larger public of the country, not necessarily sharing the sentiment of the Mussalmans, is not less deeply concerned in or affected by the decision which has been arrived at by the Government. And for a good reason. The statement of Sir William Vincent as to the reasons which had determined the Government's attitude was not only not convincing, but cannot even be regarded as valid without due substantiation. This is what the Home Member said:

The restrictions were imposed on them (Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali) not merely for their violent language, but also because they expressed freely their sympathy with the King's enemies, thus endangering public safety. Enquiries had recently been made which show that their attitude has not materially changed and Government did not think it desirable to remove the restrictions.

The allegations, it will be observed, are of a grave and specific character, and as they have been officially made, the public, as well as the individuals concerned, are entitled to ask for adequate confirmation of the same before they can be accepted as final. How, when and where did the two internees "express freely their sympathies with the King's enemies?" These are most necessary questions, and until they are fully answered the public must keep an open mind on the subject. It may be noted that Sir William Vincent's statement in the Imperial Council constitutes the first indication which the Government have vouchsafed, in nearly two years and a half, of the nature of the offence for which Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali were interned. The clue cannot be said to be a very helpful one, for those who are familiar with the careers of the two brothers, cannot recall any such incident or utterance as would lend colour to the official allegation. Further explanation therefore is indispensable, and indeed is imperatively demanded by a variety of considerations.

We published in our issue of Saturday last a most important communication from the mother of Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali, detailing graphically the history of the negotiations that were recently in progress behind the scenes respecting the conditions of their release. The revelations made require to be carefully followed. They are not the least valuable for the light they throw on the character of the "recent enquiries" into the attitude of Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali to which the Home Member alluded in his reply in the Imperial Council. Before we deal with the crucial point of the alternative drafts of the "undertaking" to be given by the internees—one prepared by Sir Charles Cleveland and the other by Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali,—it is desirable to refer to one striking and unfortunate circumstance that emerges from the particulars communicated to us by Mr. Mohamed Ali's mother. Apparently, the Government chose to have more than one medium of negotiation with the internees. The Hon. the Raja Saheb of Mahmudabad, evidently with the full knowledge of the Government of India, went all the way from Simla to interview the two brothers, arriving at Chindwara on the 9th September last. His intention was to satisfy himself that, if restored to liberty, they would not resort to unconstitutional and violent methods of political agitation, before he and the Hon. Mr. Jinnah gave assurances to Government to that effect. The Raja Saheb, as the result of the interview, wired to Mr. Jinnah the next morning that he was thoroughly satisfied. But post-haste as the Raja had come down from Simla, he had been preceded by an emissary of the C. I. D., who arrived in Chindwara on the 7th September, and calling on Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali, showed them, "under instructions from Sir Charles Cleveland," the form of an undertaking which "the latter desired them to give." The head of the Criminal Investigation Department is doubtless a very important personage, but the unsuitability of his having been selected, as presumably he was, as the Government of India's representative in so vital a negotiation, is sufficiently glaring. It was rendered not the less objectionable by the fact that the Government of India were also, as may reasonably be held, conferring with highly responsible public leaders as to the conditions of the release of Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali. No wonder the Raja of Mahmudabad was not only surprised but "a little annoyed" when he learnt how the emissary of the C. I. D. had forestalled him. The whole incident was unfortunate and unpleasant to a degree.

The explanation of the Government's decision not to release Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali must be sought for in such distinction as can be discovered between the draft of the undertaking as prepared by Sir Charles Cleveland and that offered by the two brothers. It is most important and interesting to compare the two texts. Here they are:

I

"I shall abstain dering the remainder of the war from doing, writing or saying anything intended or reasonably likely to encourage or assist the enemies of the King-Emperor. I shall also abstain from doing, writing or saying anything intended or reasonably likely to be construed as an attack upon the Allies and friends of the King-Emperor. I also promise to abstain from any violent or unconstitutional agitation which is likely to affect the public safety."

N.B. The abstentions promised above are not intended to cause me to refrain from participation in politics within constitutional limits.

(Sd.) C. R. C.

II.

"We have always been God-fearing Moslems who accept above all else the commandments of God as conveyed to us in the Holy Qūran and the life and sayings of our Prophet. Without prejudice to this faith we have always been law-abiding lovers of our country, opposed to all unconstitutional and violent methods, and, war or no war, this we always desire and hope to remain. Therefore we have no objection to give an assurance, if any is still needed, to the effect that *without prejudice to our allegiance to Islam* we shall abstain from doing, writing or saying anything intended or reasonably likely to encourage or assist the enemies of the King-Emperor, and from doing, writing or saying anything intended or reasonably likely to be construed as an attack upon the Allies and friends of the King-Emperor, and that we shall also abstain from any violent or unconstitutional agitation likely to affect the public safety. We understand, and base the above undertaking on the clear understanding that the abstentions promised above are not intended to restrict in the slightest measure our freedom to observe all our religious duties as Mussalmans or to cause us to refrain from participation in politics within constitutional limits."

It will be observed that with the exception of the proviso we have italicised in Mr. Mohamed Ali's draft, there is no material difference between the two drafts. It follows therefore that the continued internment of the two Moslem leaders is due to their insistence on the conditional clause "without prejudice to our allegiance to Islam." Subject to that qualification they agreed to give the assurances required of them. The question now arises whether there is anything in the proviso which neutralises the value of the undertaking as a whole,—and anything short of this would not justify the Government in the course they have adopted. In our considered opinion Mr. Mohamed Ali's draft fulfils all the essential conditions of Sir Charles Cleveland's draft, and both he and his brother, like any other Moslems, are fully entitled to insert the reservation,—"without prejudice to our allegiance to Islam." Islam does not mean Turkey: it means something infinitely larger and higher, which is the Mussalman religion.

One of the chief foundations of British Rule in India is the principle of religious neutrality and toleration. If the Government recognise the right of Mahomedans to spiritual adherence to Islam, while requiring temporal allegiance to the King-Emperor, they must in justice give full liberty in regard to the former as they expect and receive the fullest loyal compliance with the latter. So far as facts and principles go the position presents neither difficulty nor contradiction. Some artificial difficulties, it is no longer a secret, were sought to be created at an earlier stage of the war in connection with the intrigue to transfer the Caliphate from the Sultan of Turkey. But the chief among those who engineered it are gone, and it is to be hoped that the last of this mischievous and improper movement has been heard. In fact, we rave reason to believe that the whole intrigue is now safely dead and buried. But a zealons and loyal Mussalman, in knowledge of what he knows was going on at one time, is entitled to say: "While my loyalty to the King-Emperor is unchanging and unswerving, so also is my spiritual allegiance to Islam, and in giving my loyal allegiance to the one I ask for the fullest respect for and recognition of the other." The Government, therefore, should have no hesitation in accepting the proviso, "without prejudice to my spiritual allegience to Islam,"—inasmuch as the King-Emperor is pledged to respect Moslem religious convictions and susceptibilities. We most earnestly urge this view upon the attention of the Government. The need for the appeasement of exacerbated Moslem feeling is daily becoming clearer, and the continued incarceration of Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali without sufficient cause would be as unfortunate as it would be undeserved.

Notes of the Day.

A Great British Victory.

The British and Indian troops have once again covered themselves with glory. The capture of Mushaid, which is announced this morning, is comparable to the captur of Bagdad from the military, if not the political, point of view. In fact, the recent successes, of which it forms a part, have been recognised by authorities as constituting the greatest victory won on the Euphrates and the most complete since the beginning of the Mesopotamia campaign. And the importance of the victory is enhanced by the fact that it forestalls the hinted German attempt to atack Bagdad by this route. General Maude and his gallant troops thus amply deserve, as they will be gratified by, the Royal message of congratulation in which his Majesty signalises his appreciation of "the skill in leadership as well as the spirit and gallantry of all ranks which enabled them to overcome the difficulties of climate and the resistance of a stubborn enemy."

China and Japan.

The statement made by Baron Ishii at a banquet in honour of the Japanese Mission in New York is one of the most important declarations that have in recent years been made regarding the future of China. Baron Ishii virtually proclaimed the application of the Monroe doctrine to the Far East. He declared that not only would Japan not seek to assail the integrity or the sovereignty of China, but she was prepared eventually to defend Chinese independence against any aggression. This will be not a little reassuring to those who have regarded with some concern recent attempts on the part of Japan herself to interfere with the internal affairs of China—not the less so because the wisdom of the new policy has been perhaps inspired by the selfish consideration that "her own landmarks would be threatened by any outside invasion or interference with China." The rational world-order, which, as we all believe, the triumph of the Allies will usher in the world, of course, includes the recognition of the integrity of China. Meanwhile, it would be no little gain if the Japanese declaration helped the internal forces of order to put an end to the present chaotic condition of China.

American Liberty Loan.

The financial assistanco which the United States has rendered during the war has been in every way worthy of the immense wealth of that country. Before her entry into the war, the Allies had actually obtained nearly £500 millions from her. Soon after the declaration of war came the Liberty Loan for £400 millions, the actual subscriptions to which reached £600 millions. The other day a second Liberty Loan for three billion dollars was announced and Mr. McAdoo, in making the announcement, told his audience at Atlantic City that the combined resources of the National and State banks amounted to thirty-seven thousand million dollars and the Government could raise seventy-four thousand millions by Government loans alone. Now we are told that it is planned to raise at least three billion dollars, while it is expected that over-subscriptions will swell the loan to five billions, the largest amount people have been asked to absorb. It is noteworthy that sixty-four per cent. of the old Liberty Loan was taken up by subscribers for less than £2,000, which showed that the money was not provided by the great banks and financial houses, but by ordinary American investors. Mr. McAdoo expects similar response from the same source to the new loan. Hence his energetic efforts to organise a campaign for enlisting the co-operation of clubs, commercial organisations, schools and societies,—a campaign already ushered in many cities by the ringing of bells and,—quite characteristically enough,—by "the blowing of factory whistles."

Irregular Tram Service.

The irregularity of the tram service in Bombay is as perennial a topic of discussion in the Corporation as the scandalous condition of the City's roads and, unfortunately, the grievance in this case, as in the other, is more talked about than remedied. Mr. Hughes did not put it too strongly when he said that the service at Colaba, where people had often to wait half an hour for a tram car, had become an annoyance rather than a convenience. That is true not merely of Colaba. Much the same may be said of conditions in other localities—especially during the busy hours of the day. Mr. H. P. Mody, who deprecated the making of "vague complaints"—he has obviously had no experience of the tram service in the City—rather platitudinously observed that "members should come forward with concrete proposals if they desired the evils they complained of to be remedied." Mr. Mody's insistence on this half-truth would have been more to the point if he had shown that the tramway authorities—who, it must be conceded, labour under some disadvantage owing to the difficulty of obtaining more cars—had done all they could to regulate the service according to some rational notions of public convenience.

Official and Personal.

His Excellency attended the Poona and Kirkee Hunt Dinner at the Poona Gymkhana Club, on Monday evening.

His Highness the Maharajah of Travancore has, in addition to his previous contributions just given a lakh of rupees in aid of the Hospital Ship, Madras.

The Hon. Mr. K. V. Rangaswami Iyenger left Bombay last night for Hyderabad.

Mrs. Besant with Messrs. Arundale and Wadia is expected to arrive at Benares on the 6th instant. Her birthday anniversary was celebrated on the 1st instant by the Central Hindu College and Theosophical schools.

(Continued from column 6.)

students should be gathered before him sitting cross-legged upon a carpet in the centre of the hall. A few chairs or benches may perhaps be placed round the side for the accommodation of the fathers and mothers of the pupils if at any time they care to attend.

The teacher who sacrifices some of his leisure time to a study in preparation for one of the weekly patriotic addresses is rewarded beyond measure by the joyous response of the students sitting before him. He learns by his own experience that India is still great, and he is convinced that she is destined for a glory of the future worthy of her magnificent past, for he sees kindling in the faces of the boys an instant response to the call which he is voicing from the great men of their race. He cannot but feel that the joyous life depicted in the Itihasas and the stories of ancient times is a certainty of the future as well as a reflection from the past. Another satisfaction is his if he knows the trend of education in the West, that he is acting as a pioneer in educational practice which everywhere seeks to develop in the young the spirit of sacrifice for national ideals, though nowhere more than in England, where patriotism has long been the chief glory of the great public schools.

NATIONAL EDUCATION.

THE TEACHING OF PATRIOTISM

(By Ernest Wood.)

Perhaps the greatest problem of the modern educationist is that of training aright the emotions of the youths and young men in schools and colleges. The policy of ignoring the emotion, or of directing them into channels of selfish ambition and attainment, is fast going by the board; the racial sentiments of the great Indian nation have been preserved in the stock, and the young men are beginning to express for themselves that which their elders would not teach them to express: a strong sense of nationality, a vivid patriotism embodying the motive of service of the motherland, and along with these a demand for fuller life, beyond the limits of the prescribed texts and the studies which constitute so-called higher education at the present time. If boys are not given in the schools what they need, it is only natural that they should seek it outside; this ought to be realised clearly by those who try to keep them from expressing an interest in all those questions that concern the welfare of their motherland.

It is not a novel idea of modern times that children should know for what purpose they are being educated. Boys of thirteen and upwards apprenticed to trades or attending technical courses in the west know exactly for what sort of life they are working and preparing, this is an essential part of their education. Boys in India also have been supposed to have a conscious aim in their studies, to work hard with a view to professions, or Government service, or clerkships or something of the kind. But the boys have broken away from those aims so limited to self, and if they work for them it is only with an ulerior motive; now they study to prepare themselves to serve the motherland in some honest and useful capacity rather than with the hope of providing themselves with sinecures in Government service or elsewhere. So they desire to know more of their motherland and what she is likely to require of them; and if they are not given this knowledge in the schools they follow a right instinct in seeking it outside.

It is not however only a question of what the boys need and what they rightly demand; it is also a question of national needs. None can deny that education should be established to serve the nation, and should be directed consciously and deliberately to that end, both by those who conduct the schools and colleges and those who are studying within them. This involves the teaching of those things most vital to the national health, and most useful for national progress. The first element required for national greatness is patriotism. A nation full of the fire of patriotism and of self-sacrifice in the service of national ideals is bound to be great, because it is very much alive. Is not England herself an historical example of this truth? Can there be an Englishman true to his own traditions, inside or outside the Educational Department, who could refuse to India's sons that which has been in these latter years the very salvation of his own race?

THE PATRIOTIC PERIOD.

There is no need in these days to assume that no practical schemes have been suggested. Every schoolmaster, whether in a recognised or in an unrecognised school, can make a beginning with the Patriotic Period, which has already proved its value. In one of the high schools with which I am connected, we have been carrying on for some time what I call the Patriotic Period. This occupied about forty minutes about once a week, preferably about the last period of the day. Then all the students of the upper forms, fourth, fifth and sixth (Standards V, VI and VII in Bombay) are gathered together in the school hall, to hear of the life and deeds or works of one of India's famous sons. On one occasion it may be, let us say, Mr. Gokhale who is selected as the subject of admiration and study, on the next it may be Arjuna, on the third, perhaps Sir Rabindranath Tagore or Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, on the fourth Sir Subramania Aiyar or Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji, on the fifth Lord Gauranga, on the sixth Sivaji, on the seventh Mrs. Annie Besant (does she not deserve to be included in the famous sons of India?) on the eighth Jagadish Chandra Bose, on the ninth the Lord Shri Krishna Himself, on the tenth Akbar, on the eleventh Kabir—what limit is there to the list of great men and women who have lived a life of patriotism in this ancient land?

In the period of the patriotic address we honour these worthy ones with Indian conditions. The school hall should always be Indian in aspect, with Indian pictures on the walls, Indian busts on brackets or pedestals, Indian mottoes and Indian furniture; but especially on the occasion of the patriotic address should it be Indian, so that every student, whatever the shade of his sect or caste may feel himself a son of India, inheriting something of the glory of the great men whom he admires, and fully realising that as an Indian he inherits something of definite value to contribute to his nation and to the world. In the hall no chairs, tables or benches are necessary for this occasion. The teacher who delivers the address should have his chauki on which he sits, and beside him if possible an easel bearing a garlanded portrait of the son of India about whom he speaks, while all the

(Continued in column 5.)

PROGRESS OF ANGLO-FRENCH PUSH ON WEST FRONT.

ITALIAN SUCCESS ON BAINSIZZA PLATEAU.

ANOTHER AIR-RAID ON LONDON.

BRITISH STAND IN FLANDERS.

OPERATIONS NORTH OF YPRES-MENIN ROAD.

ALL ENEMY ATTACKS REPULSED.

SUCCESSFUL BOMBING RAIDS ON ENEMY WORKS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 1 p.m., Oct. 2.

A British communique says:—The enemy launched a powerful attack on a mile front northward of the Ypres-Menin road eastward of the Polygon wood but the infantry which was advancing in three waves was driven back in disorder with heavy casualties. We followed the enemy up taking a few prisoners. The enemy twice strongly renewed the attack during the next three hours and heavy fighting took place, but the enemy was repulsed everywhere except opposite the south-east corner of the Polygon wood where he occupied two advanced posts.

CAPTURES DURING SEPTEMBER.

During September we took 5,296 prisoners including 146 officers, eleven guns including three heavy ones, fifty-seven trench mortars and 377 machineguns.

AIR RAIDS.

The visibility improved on Sunday and artillery, photograph work and bombing continued without respite day and night. Eleven tons of bombs were dropped on the aerodrome at Gontrode, billets, communications in the battle area, the dumps and headquarters near Cambrai. The enemy carried out many bombing raids at night but did little damage of military importance. A photograph of the results of bombing the Gontrode aerodrome shows that a shed was hit also of three large machines which had landed in a field three miles southward of the aerodrome two were clearly damaged. A large shed accommodating gothas is reported to have been set on fire last night. Four German machines were brought down and eight driven down. Five of ours are missing.

FIGHTING ASTRIDE YPRES-MENIN ROAD.

FURTHER DETAILS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 3-15 p.m. Oct. 2.

Reuter's correspondent at British Head-quarters says the enemy counter-attacked very heavily in the neighbourhood of Tower Hamlets on Monday morning on a front for which they have already fought hard. Bombardment of great intensity preceded the attacks but our reply was considerably more violent. Mist hampered the airmen at the outset but the conditions improved.

The first attack was launched at 6-15 on a wide front astride the Menin road.

A COSTLY OCCUPATION.

The first and second waves were so badly hammered by our artillery that they did not reach us. The third wave got into contact with us but broke and fell back in the face of a steady, devastating fire. Simultaneously a body of our men, cheering, broke forward in pursuit and established themselves a hundred yards in advance of the previous line. The second attack at 8-40 was almost everywhere repulsed but our posts were slightly bent back at one point. The fighting continues. The operations have been terribly costly to the enemy.

BRITISH THRUST ON MENIN ROAD.

SUPERIORITY OVER ENEMY CONCLUSIVELY PROVED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 8-55 p.m., Oct. 2.

The War Department's second official communiqué commenting on the immense strategic importance of the British thrust on Menin road and futile German counter-attacks, says:—The superiority of the British over the enemy was conclusively proved during the engagement of the past week which furthermore showed that the fighting stamina of the Germans has deteriorated, not that the enemy did not display great skill and dogged determination in repeated counter-attacks.

The communiqué finds that the outstanding feature of fighting on the French front is an enormous wastage of German manpower.

FAILURE OF ENEMY'S SIX ATTACKS.

HIS HEAVY LOSSES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 1.
Recd. 0-35 a.m., Oct. 3.

Field-Marshal Haig's communiqué this afternoon says:—Yesterday and last night the enemy made five attacks with fresh troops between Ypres-Menin road and north-eastern corner of Polygon Wood. He also attacked at Zonnebeke. All the six attacks ended in a complete failure with the exception of the loss of posts reported yesterday. The enemy suffered heavily and gained no advantage.

We repulsed raiders south of Lens

VIOLENT CANNONADING ON MEUSE.

GERMAN ATTEMPT IN FORGES FAILS.

REPRISAL BOMBING OF STUTTGART.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 1.
Recd. 7-30 a.m. Oct. 2.

A French communiqué says there was violent cannonading during the night on both banks of the Meuse especially between the Meuse and Bezonvaux. After lively bombardment in the sector of Forges the Germans attempted to reach our lines but our fire easily repulsed them. Another attempt on the right bank of the Meuse also failed.

Enemy aeroplanes last night bombed the region of Bar-le-Duc causing damage and casualties. Five enemy aeroplanes were brought down and seven others fell out of control in their own lines.

Our air squadrons bombed railway stations, aerodromes, cantonments and works causing violent fires at Fresnoy Legrand. As reprisal for the bombardment of the open town of Bar-le-Duc two of our aeroplanes last night dropped three hundred kilogrammes of bombs on the fortified city of Stuttgart.

LIVELY ACTIONS ON AISNE FRONT.

FRENCH SUCCESS IN DESPERATE FIGHT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 8-55 p.m., Oct. 2.

Last night's French communiqué reported somewhat lively artillery actions on the Aisne front. On the right bank of the Meuse after a violent bombardment the Germans attacked between Chaume Wood and Bezonvaux. A desperate fight ensued in our advanced trenches ending in our favour. Our line was completely restored.

BRITISH FLAG FOR VERDUN.

SIR JOHN COWANS ON TROOPS' GLORIOUS RECORD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, Oct. 1.
Recd. 7-30 a.m. Oct. 2.

Sir John Cowans, Quartermaster-General, presenting in the name of the King the British flag to the town of Verdun declared that the free nations of the British Empire were never more closely united because the bonds had been cemented by so much common sacrifice. "They are resolved side by side with your superb army to secure the triumph of liberty and justice and they are helping with eyes fixed on the approaching victory in which the army at Verdun by constant valour will have a glorious and imperishable share."

GERMAN COMMUNIQUE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 1.
Recd. 0-35 a.m., Oct. 3.

A wireless German official communiqué reports intense artillery firing on the coast and in Ypres bend.

CHINESE SITUATION.

NATIONAL COUNCIL CONVOKED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PEKING, Oct. 1.
Recd. 7-30 a.m. Oct. 2.

The National Council has been convoked for the purpose of drawing up a new election law after which a parliament will be elected as soon as possible. It is believed that this will have a pacifying effect on the more moderate leaders, the chief of which is Luyungting, Inspector-General of Kwangtung and Kwangsi, and the instigator of the recent revolt at Linling.

JAPAN'S POLICY.

NO CLOSED DOOR IN CHINA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
NEW YORK, Oct. 2.
Recd. 3-45 p.m., Oct. 2.

Baron Ishii in his speech at the banquet to the Japanese Mission, affirmed that the closed door in China had never been and would never be the policy of the Japanese Government which welcomed all co-operation and competition tending towards the betterment of an equal opportunity.

ANOTHER AIR-RAID ON LONDON.

FOUR GROUPS OF ENEMY AEROPLANES.

BOMBS DROPPED IN VARIOUS PLACES.

RUTHLESS BRITISH AIR-RAID ON GERMAN CITIES IMMINENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 3 p.m., Oct. 2.

It is officially announced that a group of aeroplanes crossed the Essex coast at seven on Monday evening and proceeded towards London. They were followed after a quarter of an hour by a second group. The first group attacked London from the north-east at 7-45. The majority were turned back but one or more penetrated the defences and bombed the south-western district.

At 8-15 the second group attempted to cross the defences in the north-east and north of London but without success, until shortly after nine when a few passed over London and bombs were dropped in the south-western district.

A third group of raiders crossed the Kentish coast but did not penetrate far westward. They dropped bombs in various places.

A fourth group crossed the Essex coast and approached London shortly before ten, but did not penetrate beyond the north-eastern outskirts where bombs were dropped. The reports of casualties and damage have not been received.

The "Daily Chronicle" understands that ruthless British air raids on German cities are imminent.

SIXTH AIR-RAID ON LONDON.

BOMBS MOSTLY DROPPED IN OPEN FIELDS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 8-55 p.m., Oct. 2.

London experienced the sixth raid by aeroplanes last night. Firing stopped shortly after ten. Generally bombardment was not so continuous as on Sunday and Saturday. Lulls in firing were more frequent but the barrage when it started seemed heavier and the whole sky was alight with bursts of shrapnel and starshells while fragments of shrapnel whistled overhead. First reports from the coast show that bombs were mostly dropped in open fields.

10 KILLED AND 38 INJURED

ALL PILOTS LAND SAFELY,

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 1.
Recd. 0-35 a.m., Oct. 3.

The Press Bureau says:—In last night's air raid ten persons were killed and 38 injured. It is officially stated that all our pilots have landed safely during the raids of the last eight days.

LONDON AIR DEFENCES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, Oct. 2.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" London correspondent cables:—

The continued success of the air-defence of London is reassuring, but people were startled by the terrific noise of our guns, to which they are now getting used. Good hits have been made on many enemy aeroplanes. Our barrage fire defeats the squadron work and German tactics have been altered to the use of machines singly and in pairs. Our concentrated fire is the most effective.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, Oct. 2.

The Indian Defence Force entrained for Poona this morning. Brigadier-General Strange and his and staff, other officers of the garrison were present at the platform. Seven officers and 230 men entrained. Keen enthusiasm was evinced among the men. "We wish we were going to Mesopotamia instead of to Poona" was the remark heard from among the ranks.

SECUNDERABAD, Oct. 2.

The first two groups of Hyderabad Rifles, Indian Defence Force, left for Madras yesterday. One man, who, it is stated, missed the train, was arrested and left later under escort.

U. S. WAR TAX BILL.

ADOPTED BY HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FURTHER HUGE CREDIT TO GREAT BRITAIN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 8-55 p.m., Oct. 2.

The War Tax Bill raising 2,575 million dollars by taxes has been adopted by the House of Representatives without roll call. The Senate is expected to adopt it to-morrow.

A further credit of fifty million dollars has been extended to Great Britain. The total thus far is 1,240 millions.

SECOND U. S. LIBERTY LOAN.

A GREAT CAMPAIGN FOR RAISING THERE MILLION DOLLARS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 3-45 p.m., Oct. 2.

A great campaign for the second Liberty Loan began at noon and will last a month. It is planned to raise at least three billion dollars while the Treasury expect that over-subscriptions will swell the loan to five billions, the largest amount people have ever been asked to absorb. Mr. McAdoo will tour the country making speeches and enlisting clubs, commercial organisations, schools and societies. The campaign was ushered in in many cities by the ringing of bells and the blowing of factory whistles.

U. S. LOAN'S AUSPICIOUS START.

TWO SUBSCRIPTIONS OF 10 MILLION DOLLARS EACH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
NEW YORK, Oct. 2.
Recd. 8-55 p.m., Oct. 2.

The loan has started auspiciously with two subscriptions of ten million dollars each by New York Life Insurance Company and Kuhn Loeb and Company.

FOOD CONSERVATION WEEK IN U. S.

MR. HOOVER'S APPEAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 3-45 p.m., Oct. 2.

Mr. Hoover appeals to the country to observe the huge food conservation week from the 21st October to the 28th. He emphasises the demands made upon the United States and declares that the Allies are the first line of defence. They must feed and food will win the war. The movement includes house to house canvass of twenty-two million families.

AMERICAN NAVAL FORCES.

DISCLOSURE OF WORK EXPECTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 8-55 p.m., Oct. 2.

Mr. Daniels is preparing to issue a weekly communiqué regarding the progress of the Navy's war preparations which will also disclose officially somethng of the work done by the American naval forces in European waters.

MESOPOTAMIA SUCCESS.

THE KING'S MESSAGE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 3 p.m., Oct. 2.

The Mesopotamia success is considered as the greatest victory won on the Euphrates and the most complete one since the beginning of the Mesopotamia campaign. Additional importance is attached to the victory as the Germans have recently been hinting at an offensive against Bagdad by this very route.

The King has sent the following message to General Maude:—

"I send my best congratulations to you and all troops concerned in the capture of the Turkish forces at Hamadie. I fully appreciate the skill in leadership as well as the spirit and gallantry of all ranks which enabled them to overcome the difficulties of climate and the resistance of a stubborn enemy.

BRILLIANT ITALIAN SUCCESS.

ATTACKS ON BAINSIZZA PLATEAU REPULSED.

2,019 PRISONERS TAKEN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 1.
Recd. 7-30 a.m. Oct. 2.

An Italian communiqué says we completely repulsed the attacks on the Bainsizza plateau. Prisoners now number 2019.

We also repulsed the attacks at Valdifumo and captured a large quantity of ammunition and explosives.

COAL MINERS STRIKE IN AUSTRALIA.

GENERAL RESUMPTION OF WORK EXPECTED SOON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
SYDNEY, Oct. 2.
Recd. 3-45 p.m., Oct. 2.

The Southern, Western and also several Northern miners lodges have practically unanimously accepted the Government's terms and general resumption of work is likely on Wednesday.

GAZA FRONT.

SUCCESSFUL BRITISH OPERATIONS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, Oct. 2.

The "Pioneer's" Cairo correspondent writes:—There has been consistent activity in trench warfare, in which all arms have been concerned, on the Gaza front. Several encounters have taken place with hostile patrols and have always resulted in our favour. On the 24th August reconnaissance in force towards Bir Sheba was successfully carried out by our mounted troops, and five days later an advance of about 300 yards was effected on a front of 1,000 yards, as the result of which we established and consolidated a new line of trenches on the south-western outskirts of Gaza.

Between the 28th and the 30th our Flying Corps carried out various successful operations. They attacked the Turkish railway and camp near Maan and dropped a hundred bombs on the railway line and buildings at the latter place, and later on a further lot on the camp at Hareira. Allied seaplane service also during the month brought off a very successful attack on the harbour works of Beyrut, where they did considerable damage.

EX-MAMLATDAR ON TRIAL.

ALLEGED FABRICATION OF FALSE EVIDENCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SATARA, Oct. 2.

At the Satara Sessions before Mr. D'Souza on Monday commenced the trial of V. D. Kelkar, lately Mamlatdar of Patan, and Dhare Rao Patankar, an inamdar of the same place, on various charges including fabricating false evidence, giving malicious judgment, making a false claim and abetment. Rao Saheb Kale is in charge of the prosecution and Messrs. Karandikar, Agashe Sathe and others defend the two accused. At the outset the defence questioned the legality of the commitment and the order under 476 Criminal Procedure Code by the Assistant Collector and also objected to a joint trial of the two accused on various charges. The judge reserved ruling till the facts were cleared.

The prosecution alleged that the accused Dhare Rao made a false claim against his inferior holders, and produced in 1915 a lease in support of the same. It was further alleged that the accused Kelkar being Dhare Rao's friend made certain alterations in the depositions and in some documents exhibited in the suit and maliciously gave a false judgment against the inferior holders.

Mr. A. F. Master (Ahmedabad), formerly Assistant Collector of Karad and Patan division, was the first and only witness examined on the opening day. He deposed to his having set aside the Mamlatdar's order in the suit in appeal in July 1916, and added that no insinuations against the accused Kelkar as his having made certain alterations were then made, and that he did not entertain any suspicions about him. Witness said that the Mamlatdar Kelkar was not a good magistrate, but certainly he was a good revenue officer who conformed to the land revenue code and rules and who was active in touring though he had heavy work.

The hearing was adjourned.

LATEST CABLES

FEATS OF BRITISH AIRMEN

HOW GERMAN AIRMAN VOSS WAS KILLED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 2-35 a.m., Oct. 3.

Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters giving instances of the feats of British airmen tells how the famous German airman Voss was killed. Two British aeroplanes saw Voss's triplane and another aeroplane engaging the British machine and hastened to the latter's assistance. One of the British machines was piloted by a crack airman and the combat resolved itself into a duel between him and Voss. For a while they made a running fight maintaining the stream of bullets from machine-guns and manoeuvring for the position so that the wings of aeroplanes frequently were within a few feet of each other. When the Englishman had replaced his ammunition drum for the third time he succeeded in getting above Voss who shut off his engine and dived in a westerly direction. The Englishman followed and got a good burst of fire right upon Voss, whose machine glided down until it bumped on the ground and it was evident that Voss had been killed in his seat.

EXCITING EXPERIENCE OF AN AIRMAN.

An airman who crossed the enemy line at Zonnebeke had a exciting experience. He dived from two thousand feet and machine-gunned and scattered a party of Huns and bombed a munition dump. He was attacked by superior forces and dived through the barrage into British lines. His aeroplane was crippled and he was wounded in the leg. Two stretcher-bearers were carrying him in when a shell killed one and wounded the other. The aviator rose to assist the injured man and a second shell again wounded him, whereupon he limped to cover.

NINE GERMAN AEROPLANES ATTACKED.

Four British machines attacked nine German aeroplanes and sent down five, one on fire. All of ours returned safely.

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY ON AISNE FRONT.

FRENCH DISPERSE ENEMY FORCES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 2-35 a.m., Oct. 3.

This afternoon's French communiqué reports marked reciprocal artillery activity on the whole Aisne front, especially in the sector of Craonne. Our artillery dispersed the enemy forces massing in the region, north-west of Rheims. Artillery duel was particularly intense on the right of the Meuse during the night from Samogneux to Bezonvaux.

We stopped two attacks in Beaumont sector inflicting appreciable losses.

Enemy aeroplanes very violently bombarded Dunkirk doing serious material damage. There were numerous civilian victims.

As a reprisal we dropped bombs on Stuttgart, Treves, Coblentz and Frankfurt-on-main. Our bombing machines also dropped over two thousand kilogrammes of explosives on depots at Roulers, six thousand kilogrammes on railway stations at Metz-sudwoippy and Thionville aerodrome, at Chumbley bivouacs, at Spincourt, Tilly munition depot, and Longeau Farm, where a violent explosion was observed. We brought down two aeroplanes yesterday.

BRITISH ADVANCE 100 YARDS.

GALLANTRY OF WELSH TROOPS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 2-35 a.m., Oct. 3.

Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters wires:—As a result of the fighting arising from the German counter-attack yesterday our position beyond Cameron House seems to be largely, if not quite, restored whilst elsewhere we have advanced over a hundred yards owing to the gallantry of the Welsh troops who drove the enemy back. I learn that the ground in front of our line is strewn with German corpses.

The enemy suffered frightfully in unsuccessful attempts to regain some of the shellhole area which he professes to regard as tactically valueless.

There is considerable proportion of Poles and Alsatians among the new troops the Germans have hurried up to defend the Menin ridge.

The Germans are desperately anxious to impress their people at home with the extent of their "victory" in Flanders for which purpose they are resorting to the old trick. A mere handful of prisoners they have taken in the recent fighting have been sent to the town where a number of prisoners taken previously had been assembled. The prisoners were marched through the town whilst they were cinematographed for the benefit of the Berlin public.

SERIOUS FIRE IN ENGLISH MUNITION FACTORY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 2-35 a.m., Oct. 3.

The Press Bureau says:—A serious fire and explosion have occurred in a munitions factory in the north of England and much damage has been done to the factory. No deaths have yet been reported. A number of workers are injured.

BRITISH CAPTURE 13,000 TURKS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 2-35 a.m., Oct. 3.

A telegram from Paris says that the British have captured thirteen thousand Turks in Mesopotamia.

POSTMEN'S STRIKE.

AN UNINTERESTING DAY.

CHORUS OF PROTEST FROM THE PUBLIC.

(By our Special Correspondent.)

TUESDAY NIGHT.

There is not much, that is noteworthy, to report about the strike to-day. The strikers are holding out to a single man, unaffected by the order of dismissal against the 22 overseers. They assembled at their now favourite rendezvous and stayed on until the evening. They, like the rest of the community, are awaiting further developments.

I have heard from a reliable quarter that in their anxiety to restore order the postal authorities are employing all sorts and conditions of men, with anything but excessive discrimination. Some few men who were dismissed in connection with the postal strike of 1906 are said to have been taken back on liberal promises.

I am given to understand that some of the authorities yesterday called on a few old hands, who were also dismissed in 1906 and offered to take them at once as sub-inspectors, the new substitute for overseers. One of those, who seems to be doing fairly in business, thankfully declined the offer as also refused to listen to the proposal to act as a strike-breaker. Similar attempts appear to have been made in other quarters, too, without any avail. Some of the postmen are complaining that the postal officials, assisted by some members of the police, are paying them uncomfortably close attention.

Public sympathy is now decidedly on the side of the men, the justice and moderation of whose claim they are not slow to recognize. Postal service is very unsatisfactory, numerous protests have been entered against the delay in effecting a settlement of the strike, one way or the other and restoring efficiency of service. The Diamond Merchants' Association is reported to have addressed a telegraphic representation to the Viceroy. Representations to the authorities, too, are being addressed on a growing scale.

In the post office itself things do not appear to be any better than outside. Arrears are accumulating and the authorities whose energies are absorbed in making arrangements for postal service, do not seem to have found much time to spare to attend to their own business. A rumour is current in important circles that pressure has been brought or is being brought to bear on the authorities from superior quarters. I give the report for what it is worth.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In connection with the postal strike it is well worth remembering that Sir William Maxwell himself asked for an increase of pay equal to the added dignity of his position when he was created head of the amalgamated departments of the Posts and Telegraphs, with the naive remark that he was doing so "not so much for himself as for those that came after." But the official, who so successfully consulted his dignity to the tune of an extra thousand rupees a month, is unwilling to concede a penny piece towards a living wage to his lowest subordinates. Sir William would do well to remember that his pay like that of his postmen comes from the pocket of the public, and that the former revised their claims not so much because they were "extravagant," but since it is proper that the lower orders should show a pliant and submissive spirit to their superior who bulks as large in the subordinate eye as the "Lord Buddha" does in that of his worshippers.

While these high officials fly across the country in specials with pattawallas and durwans before and behind, to settle or unsettle things, they are very particular to see that their own lavish expenditure is neutralised by economy at the expense of their subordinates who, often, are already sunk in penury and want.

Taking advantage of this tendency in their superiors, small local satraps in the sister department of the Telegraphs, have for a year been evolving new schemes, the ostensible *raison d'etre* of the latest being the need for some rearrangement of duties by which overtime will be obviated and telegrams will be at the other end almost as soon as they are booked; but "the best laid plans of men and mice aft gang agley," and this one has taken a turn diametrically opposite to all these rosy expectations, with the result that both staff and traffic have suffered. Unlike the postmen, however, the Telegraph subordinate has been pledged to loyal work at the inception of the war, and has tamely sought redress through official channels, receiving in return a contemptous silence or an added burden; and it is only to be hoped that they will not come to the last straw that broke the camel's back.

These abortive innovations substituted for that which has stood the test of several years, and constituted in some sort the Magna Charta of the subordinate do not make for that co-operation so essential to smooth working in a highly technical department, one in which, moreover, the public interests are so much wrapped up as necessary to the commercial life of the country.

It is never pleasant to cry the "Garib Admi," but if ever the subordinate in Bombay felt a strong call for such wailing it is now, and then only with a view to being left alone by his superiors in their scheme of things.—Yours, etc.,

"VICTIMA."

21, Frere Road, Bombay, Sept. 29.

To the Editor of the "Chronicle."

Sir,—Will you kindly allow me to disclose through the medium of your valuable paper an instance of mismanagement of our postal department? I have received the letters from our correspondents, dated the 20th instant, from Ahmedabad and elsewhere, to-day only. Yesterday, my club servant found the enclosed nine letters, strewn about the steps of my club at Chowpatty (Grant Road Postal Circle) at about 6 p.m. I think, evidently the man entrusted with their distribution, to avoid trouble, dropped them there. Will you kindly send them or post them to the Postmaster-General, Bombay?—Yours, etc.,

DHUNJEESHAW JEEWAJEE DHONDY,
Editor, "Rast-Goftar."

"Rast-Goftar" Office, Bombay, Oct. 2.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—We beg to enclose herewith a copy of a letter addressed to the Postmaster-General with regard to the delivery of posts to the business people.

We understand that the Postmaster shows to the public that he has now made satisfactory arrangements about the delivery of post, which we have to contradict by the enclosed letter. We cannot understand how long the business people shall have to suffer and bear the inconvenience of the postal authorities.—Yours, etc.,

KESHAVJI M. DOSHI & SONS.

THE LETTER.

"To the Postmaster-General, Bombay.

Sir,—We understand that you show to the public that you have made satisfactory arrangements to deliver the post in Fort regularly. If that be the case we have the pleasure to contradict the same by the following grievance.

A letter stamped 21st September, Delivery 4 p.m., only reached us here on the 27th instant, i.e., 6 days later than the same should have reached us.

You should understand that business people cannot bear to see their letters detained for six days like this.

We shall be glad to know why this letter was not delivered up to 27th instant, although the same was stamped the 21st.

Waiting for your explanations and in the meantime hope to get our post regularly.—Yours, faithfully,

KESHAVJI M. DOSHI & SONS."

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I beg to enclose a telegram I wished to send to the Director-General, Post Offices, Bombay. My man came back this noon, complaining that the Telegraph clerk refused to send the wire, although as you will see from the telegram that the clerk counted and put down the number of words with other additions and also marked the telegram number 10. You might make any use of this information in the public interests.—Yours, etc.,

K. S. MALI & CO.,
Agents,
Bandra, Bombay.

Oct. 1.

TEXT OF TELEGRAM.

(1) Director-General, Post Offices, Bombay.

(2) "Bombay Chronicle," Bombay.

Postmaster, Bandra, refused replying my enquiries about V.-P. M. O., our correspondence not regularly delivered, suffering loss Post Office responsible.—MALI.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have contracted to purchase a house in Bombay. All the affairs, prior to completion of a sale, are over and the execution of the sale-deed alone is left. My attorney, Mr. Shums A. Tyabji, sent a draft of the sale-deed for approval to the executing parties, the vendors, who reside in Poona. The date for executing and completing the sale was fixed on the 1st of October. I hear from a relative of the vendors, who resides in Bombay, that the draft was duly approved and posted long before, probably on Monday or Tuesday (24—25 Sept.) last. He received a letter on Wednesday last stating that the draft was sent to the solicitor's office, which is in Fort, Medows Street, and not in a lane or cross lane near Kalbadevi or Pydowni. It is therefore quite clear that the draft is in Bombay somewhere. Since Thursday last I was busy hunting out the draft, but up-till now I have not traced it. Without that nothing further can be done. We rely on the British postal administration and on that rest all the business activities Indian and foreign.

Readers can very easily realise the difficulty, anxiety and inconvenience, I have to suffer and several thousands of people must be suffering. Will the responsible authorities take prompt measures and restore the usual and regular service as before?—Yours, etc.,

JAIRAM NANA.

No. 95, Cavel Street, Kalbadevi.

To the Editor of the "Chronicle."

Sir,—How long will the postal authorities try the patience of the public, and how long will they go on trifling with it? As matters are going there does not seem to be any chance for improvement. When the D.-G. came down to Bombay, the public hoped that matters would now be settled to the satisfaction of all the parties concerned, but to their great disappointment they find that matters have gone worse.

Postal authorities say one thing and the strikers say another. If at all the authorities had cared for the public interest, they could have well consulted and taken into confidence several respected and trusted public citizens who could have easily and well managed the affairs. But the ghost of "Prestige" seems to come in the way and the authorities seem to have no sympathy for their servants on whose hard work only they live.

They talk of the large annual increase in expenditure, but what of the extra house allowances they get besides the fancy pay of three and in some cases four figures they get every month. Again they talk big that they have to look to the interest of the postmen of whole India. Don't they know that a man earning Rs. 12 to Rs. 15, can manage better in Poona than a man drawing the same amount in Bombay?

It is only a little tact combined with sympathy for their men, that will bring in an end to the strike which has caused a chaos in public trade.—Yours, etc.,

N. E. P.

Bombay, Oct. 1.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The way out of the difficulties created by the postal strike, was quite simple and easy one before the postal officials, which they have absolutely failed to follow. When there was an assurance from the Director-General, in the press communiqué on the table of the Postmaster-General that *further improvements would be allowed*, the the task of the Postmaster-General to meet the postmen's representation was to sanction provisionally their demands within the four corners of his personal authority and power subject to revision, if any, by the Director-General. Would not this wise step have stopped the amount of inconvenience to the public at large resulting in damages and losses by thousands and lakhs to merchants of repute and other public? But this is the pride of the members of the bureaucracy that has caused the havoc in the interest of the general public. For the sake of Rs. 4,000 per month—the demand of the postmen—the Postmaster-General has caused a monthly aggregate loss of Rs. 40,00,000 on account of this mess ! ! ! It is, therefore, right to hold the Postmaster-General fully liable for all these losses and he must be inundated with suits for damages in Civil Courts by every sufferer.

When this is done, the bureaucracy will be rightly taught to see their way to act with commonsense and will then avoid playing ducks and drakes with public rights and interests.—Yours, etc.,

R. M. KETKER,
Manager and Proprietor,
Indian Industrial and Produce Bureau.
7, Green Street, Fort.

A COMPLAINT FROM JAMNAGAR.

To the Editor of the "Chronicle."

Sir,—By profession I am a traveller fo a certain well known firm and consequently I am always moving about. Such being the case I have to write to my family at Bombay daily, my address, to get my mail. Of late, on account of the "strike," my letters reach Bombay in 15 *days*. One letter, I wrote to my wife on the 10th instant, reaches her on the 27th. Being unaware of the fact I had to spend about Rs. 7-12-6 for telegrams and thus I came to know that a letter takes 18 days to reach Bombay from Rajkot.

Can you allow me, to wake up the authorities through your columns to see that it is high time now that "Prestige" be superseded by "Justice"?

This present state of affairs reminds one of the days when there were no railways.—Yours, etc.,

ROOS.

Jamnagar, Sept. 28.

To the Editor of the "Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to the postal strike a good deal has been stated by the postal authorities that they have done everything possible to effect a quick delivery of all letters—especially the registered articles. I beg to bring to your notice that a registered insured parcel sent to a very respectable first class firm of Fort, was posted from Benares on the 21st instant. It arrived here at the G. P. O. on the 24th idem and the stamp of delivery of that date was marked on it. The intimation of the arrival of the parcel was sent to the addressee firm on the 28th instant, i.e., four days after the arrival of the parcel and the firm was requested (as is customary with all-insured articles) to take its delivery at the G. P. O. on the 28th instant. When the clerk of the addressee attended the counter of the G. P. O. for receiving the same, it took almost one hour for the delivery clerk of the post office to find out where the parcel was lying. He found it not without much difficulty after he had turned over at least 100 other parcels. Sir, the parcel in question was an insured one and contained valuables and the firm of the addressee was much inconvenienced by its late delivery. If registered insured articles of first class firms receive such "prompt attention," what about ordinary letters of private middle class individuals? I leave it for the postal authorities to judge.—Yours, etc.,

INCONVENIENCED.

Bombay, Sept. 28.

"CAPITAL'S" COMMENTS.

We have had many domestic troubles since the war began, but none to equal the strike of the postmen of the Bombay G. P. O. which came to a head last week, when both sides to the quarrel consolidated their positions. The postmen want higher wages because living is dearer and their work more exhausting since they got their last rise. The Postmaster-General, Mr. Pilkington, I.C.S., insists that they are very well off, and like the cook in "Oliver Twist," is simply aghast that they should ask for more. What has turned his surprise into sullen anger is that they had the impudence to go to the very solicitors who figured in the G. I. P. Railway strike to draw up a protest and petition of rights. That was to outrage the whole Code of Red Tape, and therefore a sin crying to Heaven for vengeance. The celestial wrath was not invoked in vain. Sir William Maxwell launched a thunderbolt in the shape of a communiqué which stated *inter alia* that a revision of the scale of wages had already been sanctioned. It would cost the State no less than Rs. 1,090 per mensem, and—to quote the delicious bureaucratese—"will make a material change in the prospects of really competent and deserving officials of the postmen class."

That should have settled it but unfortunately it did not, and the strike proceeds, the strikers declining to abate a jot of their demands which according to the aforesaid communiqué is the following revision of their scale of wages:

Overseer Postmen from Rs. 30 to Rs. 60.
Reader Postmen from Rs. 30 to Rs. 50.
1st grade Postmen from Rs. 25 to Rs. 50.
2nd grade Postmen from Rs. 20 to Rs. 40.
3rd grade Postmen from Rs. 17 to Rs. 30.
4th grade Postmen from Rs. 15 to Rs. 25.
Probationary Postmen from Rs. 12 to Rs. 15.

Thus saith the Lord "The demands are on the face of them unreasonable and cannot be considered.

I am constrained to remark that the mortals of Bombay do not see so clearly in this matter as the divinities of Simla. This is a large commercial city and its enormous business correspondence is in many languages. The "competent and deserving official of the postmen class' has to be a man of more than ordinary intelligence, resource, and honesty. It does not seem right that the highest salary he can rise to after years of meritorious service is only Rs. 30 a month, or roughly, 10 shillings a week. The number of postmen in Bombay is 837 and practically all have struck against what was a miserable pittance in normal times of peace and routine, but what in the present state of war has become desperately short commons.

Mr. Pilkington is determined to break the strike or break his heart. He has imported postmen from the mofussil, has secured the co-operation of the military authorities, has begged the patience of the public, and accepted the assistance of the Boy Scouts who did useful emergency work in the G. I. P. Railway strike. But this combination is a poor substitute for the trained brigade, and we are all at sixes and sevens. Letters are being delivered late, delivered to the wrong people, or not delivered at all. The confusion is bad enough in the section of English addresses, but it is infinitely worse in that of vernacular superscriptions. The commercial community is fed up, and Mr. Pilkington is not exactly its idol. The cotton mill companies have had to make concessions, why not a State Department which has been making a good thing out of the war? That expresses the general feeling of men whose business is held up by the present uncertain fate of their correspondence.

In regard to high prices, which is one of the grounds for the postmen's strike for higher wages, the Bombay Government has made a significant admission, by implication of course, in the following press note just issued:—"In view of the increase in prices and especially in living accommodation that has taken place in Bombay the Governor-in-Council has decided to appoint a small committee to consider the question of the local allowance particularly in the case of Government servants drawing less than Rs. 100 per mensem and of the house-rent allowance for menial employees during the period of the war.

"In view of the increase of prices that has already taken place the Governor-in-Council, in anticipation of the sanction of the Government of India is pleased to increase the rate of house-rent allowance to menial employees from Re. 1-8 to Rs. 3 per mensem from the 1st September, 1917, pending receipt and consideration of the committee's report."

Will this make Mr. Pilkington a little merciful?

STRIKE IN BYCULLA.

1,000 EMPLOYEES OF RICHARDSON AND CRUDDAS OUT.

About one thousand of the men employed in the workshops of Messrs. Richardson and Cruddas, Byculla, Bombay, have struck work over the question of increase of wages. A notice has been put up on the gates of the workshops by the management stating that for the duration of the war Rs. 2 grain allowance will be paid per month to all employees of the workshops. The workmen seem to have been not satisfied with this.

U. P. LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

RURKEE COLLEGE INCIDENT.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 2.

A meeting of the U. P. Legislative Council took place at Nainital on Monday. A resolution by Pandit Motilal Nehru recommending the Lieut.-Governor to convey to Mr. Wood, Principal, Thomason College, Rurkee, an expression of Government's strong disapproval of the remarks he is reported to have addressed to Indian students and to ask him to withdraw them publicly, was lost, ten votes for and eighteen against it.

HIS HONOUR ON WHAT MR. WOOD SAID.

Sir James Meston in the course of his speech on the subject said:—Mr. Wood did not say every Indian home was "crooked." He did not say every Indian home was permeated by the spirit of intrigue. He did not say all Indian gentlemen were not gentlemen. His Honour did not for one moment defend any general attack on Indian homes or Indian character. No one who had lived so long as his Honour had, in the country and as Mr. Wood, could have anything but the highest admiration and affection and regard for Indian character. The fact remained, many a parent wanted to get his son out of the environment of his home and to get him into school or hostel, to be brought up on lines in which the parent himself was never fortunate to secure admission. It might perhaps have been irrelevant to bring all that in and Mr. Wood had admitted that and had placed his apology unreservedly before them. There the matter would have ended, but after all they were face to face with a broad fact. What Mr. Wood was trying to do was to give the best advice to students. He might have drifted into words which, afterwards he found it necessary to regret, and which he had regretted, but he was pointing out to the boys in strong terms the folly and unwisdom of the course which some of them had been following, a course which was threatening to disgrace the good name of the college.

MRS. B SANT'S BIRTHDAY.

LUCKNOW'S GREETINGS.

(Associated Press.)

LUCKNOW, Oct. 2.

A public meeting of the citizens of Lucknow was held yesterday evening under the auspices of the Home Rule League, Nawab Zulcadar Jung presiding. Dr. M. N. Ohdedar moved the first resolution conveying the birthday greeting of the meeting to Mrs. Annie Besant and a humble birthday offering of Rs. 1,000 as a token of reverence. Babu Ramapat Ram seconded and Mr. Bhattacharji supported the resolution.

INTERNMENT OF MOSLEM LEADERS.

Munshi Azhar Ali moved the next resolution which ran thus:—

"This meeting expresses its profound regret and disappointment at the extremely unsatisfactory statement of reasons for the internment of Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali on behalf of the Government of India in the Legislative Council on the 26th September, and indignantly repudiates the unjust allegations made against them which are based on the version of the C.I.D., alone in preference to trustworthy information supplied by an accredited leader and records its unabated confidence in the interned patriots."

It was, seconded by Babu Ram Chandra who said that interned Moslem worthies were absolutely innocent and should be released.

Mr. C. S. Ranga Iyer, editor of the "Advocate" who further supported the resolution said that when the Sinn Fein rebels of Ireland, who openly revolted against the King were released, there was not the least shred of justification for detaining in internment, constitutional agitators who believed in Home Rule within the Empire.

APPEAL FOR RELEASE OF INTERNED.

The next resolution was moved by Mr. Mumtaz Husain, Bar-at-Law, appealing to the Viceroy and Mr. Montagu for the release of the interned, without any further delay, and thereby to allay the deep concern and alarm which the recent statement has created throughout the land. Zahur Ahmed seconded it.

Syed Galib moved and Zafaral Mulk seconded a resolution requesting the All-India Congress Committee and the Council of the All-India Moslem League to take the necessary action at the forthcoming Allahabad Conference regarding the release of the interned. After a hearty vote of thanks the meeting dispersed.

SATARA'S CONGRATULATIONS TO MRS. BESANT.

(Associated Press.)

SATARA, Oct. 2.

The local Home Rule League president was authorised by the Satara citizens in a public meeting assembled at Arthur Hall on Monday evening to send a congratulatory message to Mrs. Annie Besant on her 70th birthday. Mr. V. R. Karandikar formerly on "New India" staff was the principal speaker at the meeting.

CELEBRATION AT BENARES.

(From a Correspondent.)

BENARES, Oct. 2.

The Theosophical Girls' School and College held their anniversary on the 1st of October, being the Founder's Day. There was a very large gathering of ladies from Benares and a varied programme was provided by the students. There were dramatic performances in Bengali, Hindi and English and the little ones gave a display of drill and there was also a "kolatam." The performance ended with the giving of sweets to the children and the large gathering dispersed expressing themselves well pleased with what they had seen of the progress of the school.

HUBLI CITIZENS SUPPORT MRS. BESANT'S ELECTION.

(From a Correspondent.)

HUBLI, Oct. 2.

Hubli citizens assembled at a public meeting under the auspices of the Home Rule League appreciated the services of Mrs. Annie Besant, Mr. M. K. Gandhi and Sir Subramania Iyer congratulated them on their birthday. The meeting requested the members of the All-India Congress Committee to elect Mrs. Annie Besant, President of the coming National Congress. Finally, his Excellency the Viceroy was humbly requested to cancel the orders of internment against Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali to secure a calm atmosphere during the visit of Mr. Montagu.

MR. GANDHI'S BIRTHDAY.

CELEBRATION IN MADRAS.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Oct. 2.

The forty-ninth birthday of Mr. Gandhi was celebrated this morning at the Gokhale Hall, Y.M.I.A., when Mr. G. A. Natesan presented a portrait of Mr. Gandhi and requested Mrs. Besant to accept it and unveil it. Mrs. Besant before performing the function said that there was nothing more inspiring especially to the young, than to hold up before them the example of Mr. Gandhi. His deeds shed light around him, and even if he tried to hide himself in the dark he shone so brilliantly there that the darkness only increased the radiance of the light that he shed. Hence they felt that whatever his personal ideas might be, India could not spare him, but must have him standing as an example of the ideas of a *sanyasi*, a man who had renounced everything including himself and lived only for service. That was Gokhale hall, and it was fitting that what Mr. Gokhale admired should be admired by all who gathered there.

Sir Subramania Iyer, as President of the Y.M.I.A., accepted the portrait. Mrs. Besant, as Chairman of the meeting, was requested to communicate to Mr. Gandhi by telegram the hearty greetings of the citizens of Madras on his 49th birthday.

Dewan Bahadur L. A. Govindaraghava Iyer, Mr. P. K. Telang and Mr. Yakub Hasan also took part in the proceedings.

NON-RELEASE OF MOSLEM INTERNEES.

"A DISTINCT BREACH OF FAITH."

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Oct. 1.

The Hon. Mr. Yakub Hussain, writing about the non-liberation of Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali, says:—"Sir William Vincent's reply on the 5th September had raised some hopes about the release of Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali, as those in the case of Mrs. Besant, and now to dash them to the ground so ruthlessly cannot be calculated to improve the political atmosphere of India, to do which his Excellency the Viceroy had shown so much concern. The Mussalman masses will look upon the Government's action as a distinct breach of faith, for an undertaking was demanded and obtained on the understanding that the two patriots would be released as soon as a guarantee about their future conduct in certain respects was given. This wanton sporting with their feelings will drive the Mussalman to resort to vigorous agitations, from which they had so considerately abstained during the war."

MR. MOHAMED ALI.

There is no one man who can better represent the choice of the spirit of the Muslim democracy as President of the Muslim League Sessions than Mr. Mohamed Ali. His election would mean the triumph of the spirit of true democracy, characteristic of the Crescent, over that of oligarchy, and Indians of all classes and creeds would surely rejoice at it.—"United India and Native States."

"NEW INDIA" AND "HINDU."

BURMA GOVERNMENT'S BAN.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, Oct. 1.

Certain correspondence has passed between the Secretary, Burma Provincial Congress Committee, and the Government of Burma on the subject of interception in Rangoon by the Postmaster-General, Burma, of copies of "New India" and the "Hindu" published in Madras. The Secretary of the Congress Committee asked that a public notification be issued if there was anything seditious or of an improper nature, rather than intercept the papers without assigning any reasons.

The Chief Secretary, Burma Government, has replied stating that the action taken was under the Local Government's order and pointing out that the views of the Congress Committee have been noted. The Secretary, Burma Provincial Congress Committee, replied regretting the action of Government in preventing the circulation of these papers in Burma, which were circulated in all other provinces under Indian Government and suggesting that either an announcement be made of the reason of interception, or that the interception order be cancelled and all subscribers be allowed to have their newspapers as before.

ARREST OF NEWSPAPER VENDOR.

ALLEGED USE OF SEDITIOUS CRIES.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 2.

A newspaper vendor said to be attached to the railway bookstall at Sealdah station was sent up for trial under section 505 I.P.C before the Police Magistrate of Sealdah for using seditious language so as to effect the sales of his vernacular paper "Nayak." The accused, it was alleged, began shouting *"Nayak Raja Hole Engraz Gadha Hole"* ("Nayak has become King, English have become asses"). Simultaneously the accused displayed a cartoon which appeared in the issue of the paper, shewing a braying ass surrounded by people who were supposed to be Europeans. The station-master on duty at Sealdah had the man arrested.

ENEMY AERODROMES BOMBED.

SHED COMPLETELY GUTTED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 2-35 a.m., Oct. 3.

The Admiralty says:—The naval aircraft on Sunday bombed hangars at St. Denis Westrem aerodrome igniting one. The fire was visible for thirty miles.

We also bombed Zeebrugge lockgates.

Another raid on St. Denis Westrem was made at noon on Monday and several direct hits were secured. We also ignited two sheds. The shed hit on Sunday appears to have been completely gutted.

INDIAN TEA SALES.

6171 PACKAGES OFFERED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Oct. 2.
Recd. 2-35 a.m., Oct. 3.

Only 6,171 packages were offered at Indian tea sales yesterday. The quality was excellent and high prices were obtained for the best teas as much as 3½ a pound, being paid for Jhanzie to which chilling duty must be added.

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HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

STORY OF A VENDETTA.

CHARGE OF MURDER QUASHED.

(Before Justices Beaman and Heaton.)

Dattu Nana and Ganu Bala v. The King-Emperor.

In this case appellant No. 1, Dattu Nana Powar, was charged with the murder of one Gopal and attempt to murder one Krishna and appellant No. 2, with the abetment of the murder of Gopal and attempt to murder Krishna. They were also charged along with one Chunilal, at the instance of the Public Prosecutor, with conspiracy to murder Krishna.

The Sessions Judge of Satara, who tried them, agreeing with the opinion of the assessors, found all the three not guilty of the conspiracy to murder Krishna and also acquitted the appellants Nos. 1 and 2 of the attempt to murder Krishna, but differing from the opinion of the assessors convicted the accused No. 1 of the murder of Gopal and No. 2 of the abetment of the same and sentenced each of them to transportation for life.

SEQUEL TO FIGHT BETWEEN BULLOCKS.

The story for the prosecution was that the complainant Krishna Gopal and his father, the deceased had on the evening of the 26th December, 1916, a scuffle with the father, and brother of accused No. 2 Ganu, in connection with a fight between their bullocks. The next day was the bazar day at Peth. About 3 p.m., while Krishna was sitting on a stone in the crowded bazar, accused No. 2, is said to have walked up to him with an axe, concealed in his Dhoti and remonstrated with him for ill-treating his father and brother on the previous day and taking out the axe threatened to strike him. Krishna however grappled with accused No. 2 and seized the axe by the blade, cutting two of his fingers. Meanwhile accused No. 1 Dattu, who was a friend of accused No. 2 and had a grudge of his own against Krishna, rushed with a drawn sword, which he carried, concealed in his Dhoti. At the sight of the sword Krishna took to his heels and the two accused gave him chase, accused No. 2 throwing the axe at him which struck him on the back, causing a slight wound.

GOPAL FATALLY WOUNDED.

Then Krishna went home and narrated to his brother Vishnu and his nephew Mahadev, the details of the assault delivered against him in the crowded bazar. They then went to their field to take counsel with their father. While passing through the bazar they heard an alarm that armed men were advancing against them. Seeing that his adversaries were bent on mischief, Gopal advised his followers to throw stones at them and himself took the stand behind a wall of a dilapidated house not far from his own. Both sides threw stones at each other for some time and one of the stones struck Gopal in the region of the liver and felled him to the ground. Thereupon accused No. 1 is said to have rushed at him with a naked sword and dealt a severe blow on the left thigh. Gopal's partizans terror-struck at the sight of the weapons took safety in the flight and shut themselves up in their house, securely fastening the doors. The assailants immediately dispersed. Gopal who had been fatally wounded, was left where he had fallen until the arrival of the Sub-Inspector a couple of hours later, when he was carried inside in a dying condition. He expired at about 1 a.m. on that day.

THE WOMAN IN THE CASE.

It was also alleged for the prosecution that the murder was the outcome of a conspiracy hatched by one Chunilal with the two accused. Chunilal, it was alleged, was a friend and partner in trade of one Namdev, who had a mistress one Tanu. The complainant Krishna was said to have had an intrigue with her. Namdev and Chunilal plotted a horrible revenge upon her and her seducer and with that object they waylaid Tanu in a jungle and procured half-a-dozen men to perpetrate a nameless outrage upon her. Then he plotted the destruction of Krishna. They made a murderous assault upon Krishna and one Bhawoo Patil, but Krishna escaped and Bhawoo Patil was killed. Namdev and the other assailants were sentenced to be hanged. When Namdev was in the Yerowada Jail on the eve of his being sent to the gallows, it was alleged for the prosecution that Chunilal had an interview with Namdev, who it was said adjured him to bring to a successful issue his plans of revenge against Krishna. In pursuance of this Chunilal is said to have offered young men bribe of Rs. 20 per head and promised to supply them with arms to assassinate Krishna. He is alleged to have goaded accused No. 1 by constantly reminding him that Krishna had brought a stigma on the good name of the Marathas by the intrigue which he was openly carrying with the mother of Dattu, accused No. 1. Incited by hopes and spurred on by revenge accused Nos. 1 and 2 and two others Naru Khandurkar and Manker, who have absconded since the offence, succumbed to the blandishments of Chunilal and agreed it is said to kill Krishna.

SESSIONS JUDGE'S VIEW.

In the Sessions Judge's opinion the preliminary scuffle in the bazar between Krishna and accused Nos. 1 and 2, was nothing more than an altercation between them and that Krishna had magnified it into an attempt to murder him. But as regards the fight that took place later on the day he held that there was a melee between Gopal, Krishna, Vishnu, Mahadev and Khandurkar on the one hand and accused 1 and 2 and two others on the other; that in the melee accused No. 1 was armed with a sword and accused No. 2 armed with an axe; that in the promiscuous stone-throwing which ensued, Gopal was struck with a stone and knocked down and that accused No. 1 then struck him a deadly blow with a sword when he lay on the ground. He thought that it was immaterial to consider which was the fatal blow and who dealt it as each member was constructively liable for causing death and is guilty of the offence of murder.

DEFENCE PLEAS.

Mr. Kelkar, who appeared for the accused No. 2 Ganu, contended that no particular criminal act was ascribed to his client. It was not alleged that any stone thrown by him, had struck Gopal and caused his death. Moreover, it was found as a fact that the offensive in the fight was taken by the complainant's party. His client must have acted only on the defensive. There was not any common object between his client and the other accused. The charge of conspiracy having failed and his client being acquitted of the attempt to murder Krishna, he could not be held guilty of abetment of murder of Gopal.

Mr. Y. N. Nadkarni for accused No. 1 Dattu contended that the motive suggested by the prosecution for the participation in the fight, viz., the alleged intimacy of Krishna, a boy of 22, with Dattu's mother, a woman of 50, was grossly improbable. Then assuming that the sword blow was given by his client still he could not be said to be guilty of murder; because the medical evidence clearly shows that the deceased died of the rupture of the liver caused by the stone having struck the deceased's abdominal region. And that the sword wound was not the fatal wound. On this evidence, taking everything worst against him, he could be guilty of grievous hurt and not of murder. Moreover it was not alleged for the prosecution that the common object of his party was the murder of Gopal. Gopal's death was not intended. It was an accident, though an unfortunate one.

JUDGMENT.

Their Lordships after hearing the arguments for the Crown, held that accused No. 2 Ganu could not be said to be guilty of abetment of murder of Gopal and acquitted him, setting aside the sentence of transportation for life, but changed the conviction of accused No. 1 Dattu from one of murder into that of causing grievous hurt and confirmed the sentence.

Mr. K. H. Kelkar appeared for accused No. 2 Ganu.

Mr. Y. N. Nadkarni appeared for accused No. 1 Dattu.

The Government Pleader appeared for the Crown.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

SEQUEL TO DIVORCE PROCEEDINGS.

AN ASSISTANT STATION MASTER'S TROUBLES.

(Before the Commissioner in Insolvency Mr. Justice Marten.)

In re F. E. Renneson, an insolvent. Mrs. Renneson opposing creditor.

This was an application for discharge of the insolvent under section 38 of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act of 1909.

The facts leading to the present application were these:—

The insolvent was an assistant station master at Harda. In July, 1916, he instituted divorce proceedings against his wife alleging misconduct on the part of his wife. Prior to July last year he had no debts. Various interlocutory proceedings were taken in that suit and the insolvent was compelled to borrow various sums from Marwaris at a very high rate of interest. He was ordered to deposit Rs. 400 as security for costs of his wife and he had also to pay Rs. 600 to their attorneys for certain costs incurred by them in the course of the suit. There were in all 8 interlocutory applications made by the parties and they considerably added to the costs already incurred by both the parties. In January last Mrs. Remington took out a summons calling upon the insolvent to deposit security for her taxed costs. The summons was made absolute on the 27th of January and the insolvent was given a fortnight's time to deposit a sum of Rs. 1,203-9-6 in court. As he failed to pay the amount his suit was dismissed with all costs, including costs reserved. During the pending of the divorce proceedings he had to pay Rs. 50 as alimony pendente lite.

On 7th of March he filed his petition in insolvency and he ceased paying any sum to his wife for her maintenance. She accordingly applied to the 4th Presidency Magistrate for maintenance under section 488 of the Criminal Procedure Code and the insolvent was ordered to pay her Rs. 30 for maintenance. An order was also made against him by the Insolvency Court in May last, by which he was ordered to pay Rs. 75 per month to the Official Assignee for the benefit of his creditors.

OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE'S REPORT.

The Official Assignee in his report stated that the insolvent's liabilities amounted in all to Rs. 9,046-4 and his assets were *nil*. The liabilities were due entirely to the costs he had had to incur in the course of the divorce proceedings instituted by him against his wife. Those costs amounted to a very considerable sum, there being still owing to Messrs. Mirza, Mirza and Mangaldas, the wife's attorneys, Rs. 2,000, and to the insolvent's then attorneys, Messrs. Shamrao Minocher and Hiralal, Rs. 1,500. The balance of liabilities with the exception of two small ones amounted to about Rs. 5,300, which represented moneys borrowed from Marwarees at a very high rate of interest in order to finance his attorneys and to make deposits in court. Out of the above sum of Rs. 5,300 the insolvent appeared to have received only Rs. 1,530, which he paid away to his solicitors and towards the order made for deposit of security and for alimony and certain other expenses. His pay was Rs. 142 net after certain deductions, out of which he had to pay Rs. 30 a month to his wife, Rs. 75 to his creditors under the Insolvency Court's order of 4th of May, while the railway company deducted Rs. 36 to Rs. 38 a month from his pay in respect of a debt due by him to the Co-operative Society. He had thus only Rs. 36 a month to live on. But he had some friends who were helping him. The insolvent's assets were not of a value equal to 4 annas in the rupee and he had contracted debts without having at the time of contracting them any reasonable ground of expectation that he would be able to pay them.

Mr. Mirza appeared for the opposing creditor.

Mr. R. D. N. Wadia appeared for the insolvent.

JUDGMENT.

His Lordship in disposing of the application said that the present proceedings were the outcome of a quarrel between the husband and wife. It was clear that upto the time of their quarrel the insolvent had incurred no debts. He was free from debts in August, 1916. He then brought divorce proceedings against his wife. His Lordship then referred to the various interlocutory applications made by both the parties and the orders made therein by the court. This had the effect of driving the insolvent to borrow monies from Marwaris at a high rate of interest. The insolvent had tried to sue in forma pauperis, but it proved unsuccessful and the result finally was that his suit was dismissed as he could not deposit security for the costs of the wife's attorneys. The result was that the parties were left in *statu quo* and the merits of the case were never decided. The insolvent then filed his schedule and an interim order was made directing him to pay Rs. 75 a month for the benefit of his creditors. Since then a public examination of the defendant had been held. The Official Assignee's report had not been challenged and from it, it appeared that though his liabilities to the Marwaris were Rs. 5,300 the insolvent had received only Rs. 1,500 and the report further stated that the insolvent had only Rs. 36 to live on, but that he was being helped by his friends. His wife had filed certain grounds of opposition. Her main contention was that the insolvent's suit in the High Court was false and vexatious, and that he had recklessly incurred costs. As to the first contention nothing was proved before his Lordship that the suit was false or vexatious. Nor was it proved that he had incurred costs recklessly. The Official Assignee's report stated that he had borrowed monies without having a reasonable expectation of being able to pay them.

JUDGMENT ENTERED FOR RS. 275.

But what was a man in the insolvent's position to do if he had reasonable grounds for believing in the justice of his case and wanted to file a suit in the High Court? What was a man to do except that he should borrow? He had tried to proceed in *forma pauperis*, but had failed. But considering the nature of the offence charged against him in the Official Assignee's report, his Lordship thought that on the whole the insolvent was entitled to his discharge subject to conditions. The insolvent was an Assistant Stationmaster and his net income was Rs. 36 a month, a sum quite inadequate for the position he occupied. The court had also to hear in mind the stones, etc., they were carrying. He did not treat the men roughly. When he went to the shop he saw some of the men,—the minority—had stones in their hands. Only some of the men in the pit had stones, etc., in their hands. When he was hit on the face Mr. Bonner and Johnson were there and Glendenning had gone out. Glendenning had been sent away by Mr. Bonner to bring the army (I. D. Force Guards) before witness was hit on the face. He could not say if Meek and Brett were there. It was news to him that the men who had been placed in the dock had been taking a prominent part in the distribution of grain and food-stuff.

IDENTIFICATION IN THE PIT.

To Mr. Erulker: He was pelted with stones when he turned to go to another shop; the pit is in the erecting shop. It was impossible for anyone to identify the voice of any person in the crowd. It was not unusual for the men to wave their hands. When witness described him to Mr. Bonner, Brett was there. Brett said, after witness had given a description of accused No. 5, that he was working in the No. 2 Shed. He did not describe the man he first saw picking up a stone. There were no complaints against Brett made to the witness; he could not say that there was a written complaint against Brett which was headed by accused No. 5. Accused No. 11 was recently re-engaged; at the time of the assault No. 11 had the usual Parsi dress. Witness could not arrest any of the accused on the spot where he was assaulted. He would have been killed if he had attempted to arrest them. He had his wits about him at the time. Witness was 59 years old.

ARRIVAL OF GUARDS.

To Mr. Chhatrapati: The guards came in to protect Mr. Bonner; the men dispersed of their own accord, when they saw blood on his (witness') face. He could not say how long after the assault the police came there; he saw them when he returned from the infirmary, after about 45 minutes. Fairweather was there when he talked to Mr. Stenson; they were asked by Mr. Stenson what had happened. Mr. Griffith came there at about 11 a.m. He meant Mr. Griffith whenever he said Mr. Harker. The workmen left at the usual time and unusual precautions were taken. Witness and some others were there to identify the accused, and the men were closely watched while they went out. He could not say if No. 8 was ill long before the strike and that he returned to work one or two days before the men resumed work.

PERSUASION WITH POLICE AID.

To Mr. Patel: There was no circular posted at the workshops that no Indian was to come to the Court; if there was a notice it ought to have been put up by him. He went to Smith's chawl with some policemen three or four days after the strike, to try and persuade the men to resume work. He was afraid of personal violence. He did not think that police persuasion was better than his own, but they were there to protect him; he did not succeed in his mission. Sawyer had gone on two years' leave prior to retirement. It was not true that it was because he interceded on behalf of the men that he had gone on leave. Mr. Bonner had 'phoned for the Commissioner of Police. Dismissals were made on the recommendations of the foremen. Strike was an important thing and he had read the *press communiqué* in the papers of H. E. Lord Willingdon. He did not think it was stated in the communiqué that no men would be dismissed after they returned to work.

QUESTION DISALLOWED.

The Court disallowed the question as it had got nothing to do with the matter.

Mr. Patel said the Court had to take into consideration all the environment at the time.

The Magistrate said he had given his ruling in the matter, and he would stick to it.

Continuing, witness said the Europeans and Eurasians had not received increases, a large number of them were apprentices, and some were chargemen. These men were not in the crowd, he did not see them. All the men in the crowd were not from the first crowd he saw at the signal shop.

MOVEMENTS OF THE CROWD.

Re-examined by Mr. Stenson: There was nothing to prevent the men from going out on the other side; precautions were taken to prevent the men from going out by another way.

To the Magistrate: He ordered the crowd to stop and most of the men stopped. Some of the men went into the signal shop and witness could not get any satisfactory answer from them as to what they had to say. The next large crowd was in the fitting shop. They were simply standing and yelling; he could not get anything from them. They were not throwing stones; they followed the witness. In the Smith's shop Mr. Bonner was standing; he was talking to the men; some of them said they had got no increase and witness asked White about it. White said that he had not recommended them for any increase as they did not deserve it. Mr. Bonner then told them that he had nothing more to say in the matter since White had said that they did not deserve any increase.

The case will be taken up to-day at 3-30 p.m.

SEQUEL TO G. I. P. STRIKE.

ALLEGED RIOTING IN WORKSHOPS.

WORKS MANAGER FURTHER CROSS-EXAMINED.

At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Mr. B. N. Athavle resumed the hearing of the case in which Superintendent Stenson charged (1) Dajiba Ramji, (2) Noormahomed Dinmahomed, (3) Ashrafhussen, Shaikh Kaloo, (4) Waman Dadoo, (5) Rahamin Rubin, (6) Dhondu Balu, (7) Ibrahim Ahmed, (8) Bhicoo Mahadu, (9) Bala Laxuman, (10) Jackey Fernandez and (11) Maneckshaw Rustomji, employees of the Parel Workshops of the G. I. P. Railway Company, with being members of an unlawful assembly, and being members of such unlawful assembly, with committing rioting in the workshops on the 4th ultimo, under sections 143 and 147 of the Indian Penal Code.

Mr. K. F. Nariman defended the first, second and seventh accused; Mr. Pereira appeared for the third accused; Mr. D. S. Erulkar for the fifth, sixth, tenth and eleventh accused; Mr. M. A. Somji for the fourth and Mr. K. A. Somji for the ninth accused; and Mr. M. N. Chhatrapati for the eighth accused.

MAGISTRATE'S RULING.

At the outset the Magistrate said in view of the line of cross-examination adopted on the previous day by the pleader for accused Nos. 1, 2 and 7, he had considered it necessary to pass the following order. In this particular case the Court had nothing to do with the legitimacy or otherwise of the grievances of the men who had gone on strike or of the promises made by the railway authorities when they returned to work. The only questions the Court had to decide were (1) whether, on the 4th September the men in the workshops constituted themselves into an unlawful assembly and caused a riot and (2) whether the accused or any of them were members of an unlawful assembly or riot. However, in view of the material placed before him the Magistrate was prepared to honour the statement of one of the accused and would assume that on the day in question the men had *at first* assembled in a peaceful manner with the object of placing the grievances of some of their comrades before the authorities in the belief that the grievances were genuine. The learned lawyers would, therefore, as far as possible confine their cross-examinations to the questions as to (1) whether at any stage the assembly of the men became unlawful with the common object which had been clearly specified in the charges framed against the accused and (2) whether the accused took any part in the disturbance which the prosecution alleged, did occur within the precincts of the workshops. It was open to the defence to show that, as far as the men were concerned, there was no disturbance and if at all there was any disturbance, the accused had no part in it.

WORKS MANAGER CROSS-EXAMINED.

Mr. Herbert, further cross-examined by Mr. Pereira, said on the day of the riot he went to the shop at 9-30 a.m. when there was a disturbance and shouting in the shops. After he was hurt at 10-10 a.m. he did not know much about anything. Personally he did not know what happened during the whole week he absented from office. Mr. Bonner was his direct superior.

The granting of the promotion is in your hands?—

The Magistrate objected to this question and said this had nothing to do with the case.

Witness resuming said he had to go into the case of No. 5 with Scott, and he gave him 10 per cent. increase. When he returned to work he had a conversation with Brett and Glendenning. He could not state whether the men were arrested at the instigation of Brett and Glendenning—the two chargemen.

To the Magistrate: He could not recognise Nos. 1, 5 and 7, but he could recognise No. 11 as the man who struck him.

To Mr. Pereira: Chargeman Balamia took no part in the trouble; he behaved alright. If a man was arrested at 2 p.m. that showed that he was working.

WITNESS HIT SEVERAL TIMES.

To Mr. Somji: Only 400 men were at work out of the 5,000 men. He did not know where No. 4 was arrested. Witness was hit on the head several times and on the face only once. The missiles came down in showers. He did not know where and how Nos. 4 and 9 were arrested. He did not know if there was a demand for men from Khandwa and Shevgaon. He could summarily dismiss the workmen. The pit in the workshop was three feet deep and the men were standing in it—there were about 2,000 men. Mr. Bonner spoke to two men only. It was difficult to hear the men. Mr. Bonner asked the man what increase he had received and when he said 10 per cent., he was told that if he (the man) was dissatisfied he could go elsewhere. He could not identify the men who came to him. Witness asked the men to put down the stones, etc., they were carrying. He did not treat the men roughly. When he went to the shop he saw some of the men,—the minority—had stones in their hands. Only some of the men in the pit had stones, etc., in their hands. When he was hit on the face Mr. Bonner and Johnson were there and Glendenning had gone out. Glendenning had been sent away by Mr. Bonner to bring the army (I. D. Force Guards) before witness was hit on the face. He could not say if Meek and Brett were there. It was news to him that the men who had been placed in the dock had been taking a prominent part in the distribution of grain and food-stuff.

IDENTIFICATION IN THE PIT.

To Mr. Erulker: He was pelted with stones when he turned to go to another shop; the pit is in the erecting shop. It was impossible for anyone to identify the voice of any person in the crowd. It was not

ALLEGED CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

A CALCUTTA CASE

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 2.

Mr. G. S. Williamson of Messrs. Andrew Yule and Co. appeared to-day before Mr. A. T. Mookerjee at Bankshall Street, to prosecute Nishi Kanto Roy on the charge of criminal breach of trust and falsification of accounts in respect of over Rs. 12,000.

It is said that the accused was employed by the firm as a clerk in Belvedere Jute Department. His duties consisted in receiving railway receipts and drafts and drawing cheques for the amounts payable to parties concerned. It was alleged that on the account books of the firm being checked last month, it was found that the accused had misappropriated the amount in question between August and September 1916.

After the examination of Mr. Williamson, the hearing was postponed. The accused was ordered to be released on a bail of Rs. 15,000.

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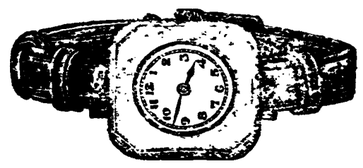

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THE WEATHER

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Oct. 2.

Depression in north-west India has disappeared. In the Bay the storm has crossed the coast and is near Cuttack moving north-westwards. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Bihar and Orissa, eastern half of the Central Provinces, west coast of the Peninsula; local in Lower Bengal, south-east Rajputana, Bombay Deccan, Mysore, east Madras coast. A few falls also occurred in Upper Burma, Assam and United Provinces. The chief amounts are:—Moulmein three inches; Shillong, Burdwan, Cuttack, Daltonganj and Gaya one and a half; Ranchi four; Surat one and a half; Chanda one; Ratnagiri three; Madras two; and Calingapatam five.

Forecast:—Increase of rain in central parts of the country.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 2nd Oct. 17.	Total since 1st June 1917	June 1st to Oct 2nd	
			1916	1915
	In. Ct	In. Ct	In. Ct	In. Ct
Colaba [Observatory]	0 04	81.18	80.12	73.63

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 1st Oct. 1917.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 1 p.m., and 10 p.m. a.m., 8 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr	29.677 Inch
Temperature of Air	82.4 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78.8 "
Dew Point	77.5 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.853 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	5.6 "
Maximum temperature of Air	85.2 "
Minimum do.	77.1 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	WNW.W.
Movement of Wind do. do	246 Miles.
Fall of Rain	0.09 Inches.
Total fall during month	0.09 "
Do. do. year	83.74 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m., of 2nd Oct.	0.00 "

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY

[illegible] and height of [illegible] during the ensuing week in Bombay Mean [illegible] Prince's Dock:—

LOW WATER.

	Oct.		h.	m.	ft. in.	Oct.		h.	m.	ft.	in.
Tues.	2	m	11	51	28 9	2	m	5	45	16	5
								5	57a	13	9
Wed.	3	m	0	35	29 11	3		6	29	17	0
			0	31a	28 3			6	36a	14	0
Thur.	4	m	1	20	29 5	4	m	7	14	17	10
			1	13a	27 5			7	15a	14	9
Fri.	5	m	2	6	28 7	5	m	8	1	18	10
			1	57a	26 4			7	55a	15	11
Sat.	6	m	2	55	27 5	6	m	8	55	19	11
			2	43a	25 1			8	37a	17	12
Sun.	7	m	3	49	26 4	7	m	10	12	20	8
			3	36a	23 11			9	27a	18	10
Mon.	8	m	4	52	25 4	8	m	0	?a	20	11
			4	43a	23 2			10	36a	19	7

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset, according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

Oct.	sunrise	Sunset
2 (Tuesday)	6h. 29m.	6h. 27m.
3 (Wednesday)	6h. 30m.	6h. 27m.
4 (Thursday)	6h. 30m.	6h. 26m
5 (Friday)	6h. 30m.	6h. 26m.
6 (Saturday)	6h. 31m.	6h. 25m.
7 (Sunday)	6h. 31m.	6h. 24m.
8 (Monday)	6h. 31m.	6h. 24m.

Phases of the Moon:—	d.	h.	m.
Last Quarter	8	3	44.3 a.m.
New Moon	16	8	11.0 a.m.
First Quarter	23	8	7.70 p.m.
Full Moon	30	11	49.2 a.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 2nd October 1917, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are lightly clouded in the south-eastern districts and clear elsewhere. The air is damper than usual. Day temperature continues 7 deg. to 15 deg. F. in defect.

The United Provinces.—Allahabad reports 0.65in. of rain. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. The air is damper than usual. Day temperature is in defect in the extreme western districts.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rainfall has been local in east Rajputana; Kotah has had 0.44in. and Mount Abu 0.23in. Skies are clear in Sind, lightly clouded in the extreme northern districts of Rajputana and moderately or heavily clouded elsewhere. The air is damper than usual in Rajputana. Day temperature is in excess in lower Sind but continues in defect over the rest of the division.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Local rain has fallen in Gujarat and Central India West and some showers in Kathiawar; Bhavnagar-Para has had 0.85in., Surat 1.54in. and Neemuch 0.15in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature continues in defect except at Dwarka and Veraval; night temperature is in excess in Central India West.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the extreme eastern and south-eastern districts of the reporting area; Jubbulpore has had 0.10in., Chanda 0.90in. and Raipur 0.80in. Skies are moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature has risen and is now in excess at some stations.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Ratnagiri has had 3.33in., Mormugao 0.86in. and Karwar 1.19in. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Day temperature is in defect at Ratnagiri and Mormugao.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Poona reports 0.10in. of rain and Belgaum 0.53in. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Day temperature is in defect in the northern half of the division.

General Remarks.—The depression which was reported to have formed at the head of the Bay of Bengal appears to have moved into the east Central Provinces. Rainfall has decreased in Rajputana and Malabar; it has been nearly general in Malabar, the Konkan and the extreme eastern and south-eastern districts of the reporting area in the Central Provinces and local in south-east Madras, Gujarat, Central India West, east Rajputana and the extreme southern districts of the United Provinces, while some showers have occurred in Kathiawar and the Bombay Deccan.

Fairly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula and in the Central Provinces, local rain in Hyderabad, Central India West, the United Provinces and Gujarat, and some showers in the Bombay and the Madras Deccan, Kathiawar and Rajputana.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a. m. on TUESDAY, the 2nd of October, 1917.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade		Humidity.		Rainfall.		
	Maximum of past 24 hours.	Minimum of past 24 hours	8 A. M.		Past 24 hours.	Total 1st June to date.	Departure 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—							
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (1st Oct.) ..	88.3	78.7	77	..	0	..	—0.01
Jask	90.5	72.2	84	..	0	..	—0.06
Do. (Oct.) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muskat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (1st Oct.) ..	90.5	78.9	47	..	0	..	—0 17
PUNJAB—							
Multan	89.0	70.9	76	..	18.13	..	+13.40
Rawalpindi ..	84.9	60.4	73	..	39.65	..	+17.20
Lahore	85.8	70.3	79	..	26.64	..	+11.52
Hissar	82.4	60.0	86	..	29 37	..	..
Ambala	83.7	74.1	73	..	40.66	..	+16.59
Delhi	79.4	72.2	68	..	28.31	..	+4.83
UNITED PROVINCES—							
Agra	86.1	78.6	78	..	38.89	..	+14.53
Mainpuri	95.8	74.1	92	0.01	36.10	..	+6.51
Jhansi	90.4	74.8	94	0.01	42.85	..	+5.06
Cawnpore	89.8	76.7	86	..	45.31	..	+12.83
Allahabad	90.6	76.5	93	0.65	38.35	..	+3.89
SIND AND RAJPUTANA							
Jacobabad	94.9	71.4	63	..	10.28	..	+8.02
Karachi	91.8	75.3	76	..	4.24	..	—1.89
Ajmer	73.7	60.9	91	..	42.34	..	+23.48
Jaipore	79.5	71.1	79	..	46.31	..	+24.82
Kotah	89.6	74.6	93	0.44	94.82	..	+28.41
Mount Abu ..	69.4	65.2	100	2.23	119.85	..	+61.75
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—							
Bhuj	93.0	74.7	69	..	21.32	..	+8.01
[illegible]	85.1	77.2	87	..	42.77	..	+0.40
Veraval	88.1	76.0	81	..	24.87	..	+7.81
Rajkot	93.6	71.8	89	0.08	29.28	..	—3.10
Bhavnagar Para ..	96.8	75.8	97	0.85	22.17	..	+2.93
Surat	84.9	76.3	85	1.54	40.72	..	+4.31
Ahmedabad ..	90.7	75.9	93	0.07	38.48	..	+9.30
Deesa	95.1	76.2	77	0.04	48.08	..	+24.88
Neemuch	93.0	72.8	91	0.15	33.03	..	+20.00
Indore	86.8	75.3	93	0.05	36 08	..	+9.09
CENTRAL PROVINCES—							
Jubbulpore	85.9	74.9	83	0.10	55.32	..	+4.54
Saugor	88.4	72.4	80	..	50.48	..	+6.09
Nemawar	88.3	74.6	94	..	50.95	..	+6.31
Khandwa	87.4	73.9	86	..	28.25	..	+0.84
Akola	86.6	76.3	78	..	24.49	..	—4.49
Amraoti	90.3	74.8	78	..	21.13	..	—3.44
Nagpur	89.9	73.9	83	..	35.41	..	+1.51
Chanda	90.1	76.0	81	0.90	48.21	..	—0.35
Raipur	87.6	74.5	90	0.80	59.83	..	+10 40
KONKAN—							
Bombay	85.2	78.5	84	0.04	81.18	..	+12.25
Ratnagiri	78.8	70.9	88	3.33	106.33	..	+10.37
Marmugao	80.0	72.8	92	0.86	90.06	..	+8.80
Karwar	82.5	73.2	91	1.19	123.82	..	+11.65
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—							
Malegaon	82.0	69.6	89	..	42.67	..	—6.46
Ahmednagar ..	84.0	68.7	79	..	20.09	..	+1.95
Poona	84.2	68.4	79	0.10	47.06	..	—3.53
Sholapur	88.3	68.2	75	..	19.54	..	—3.47
Bijapur	86.9	68.3	80	..	20.46	..	+5.40
Belgaum	74.5	65.1	99	0.53	59.43	..	—3 56
Aurangabad	84.6	67.2	84	..	32.48	..	—7.65
Nizamabad (Indur)	87.9	71.0	79	..	38.20	..	+17.12
Hyderabad	87.2	71.7	81	..	22.20	..	—2.04
MALABAR AND CEYLON—							
Mangalore	88.5	75.1	81	0.01	120.13	..	+10.77
Calicut	77.6	73.3	96	0.21	83.28	..	+5.93
Cochin	80.2	72.7	87	0.55	77.72	..	+4.39
Cocoanbo	83.6	76.8	88	0.18	22.91	..	+0.70
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—							
Masulipatam ..	84.4	70.5	86	..	40.69	..	+17.06
Bellary	86.1	72.7	64	..	18.84	..	+7.75
Cuddapah	92.6	70.3	76	..	?	..	..
Madras	90.0	72.0	78	2.25	28.38	..	+7.31
Bangalore	79.8	63.7	81	0.02	22.64	..	+2.73
Coimbatore	86.9	71.1	66	0.10	6.25	..	+0.45
Trichinopoly ..	86.4	72.5	75	..	20.01	..	+8.18
Negapatam	90.0	74.9	88	..	10.16	..	—0.7

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, on the 2nd October, 1917, was 29.910 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

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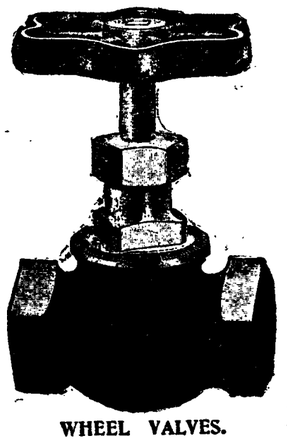

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CASUALTY LISTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept 20.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Second-Lieut B B Bishop, Cornwalls.
Second-Lieut A G Davidson, Godrdons.
Second-Lieut A DePennington, East Lancs.
Second-Lieut J Friend, Northumberlands.
Lieut T Gair, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut R B Gaskin, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut H H H Hoard, Northumberlands.
Captain A P Hudson, Lancs Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut H S Laugworth, Border Regiment.
Second-Lieut E Lant, Field Artillery.
Lieut A W Peacock, Royal Scots.
Lieut G C Townroe, South Lancs.
Second-Lieut H C Walton, Essex.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut S Adams, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut G Dutton, Sussex.
Captain F Mottram, Field Artillery.
Lieut S Wightwick, Londons.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED NOW DIED OF WOUNDS.

Captain W G Flack, Royal Fusiliers.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut D Addison, Seaforths.
Lieut-Colonel J H A Annesley.
Second-Lieut J D Barron, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut W Borrino, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut T Charlton, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut F H Chudley, Londons.
Captain C F Collett, Flying Corps.
Captain A W Dawson, Durhams.
Second-Lieut J N T Douglas, Northumberlands.
Captain A McG Duff, Field Artillery.
Captain J Elise, York and Lancs.
Captain D G Gibson, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut T R L Gibson, Leicesters.
Second-Lieut H L Greenleaves, Manchesters
Second-Lieut F Henton, South Lancs.
Second-Lieut T G Hargreaves-Bury, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut G O Heuzell, Northumberlands.
Lieut W R C Hodge, Cyclists.
Second-Lieut J C Horrocks, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut R P Hudson, East Yorks.
Second-Lieut F H Jesson, East Yorks.
Second-Lieut G R M Kerr, Black Watch.
Second-Lieut J Laing, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut A P Letts, Northumberlands.
Captain C N Levin, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut A Logan, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut H Meigh, Engineers.
Second-Lieut H R Metcalfe, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut E J B Miskin, Londons.
Captann C G Moore, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut H C Orton, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut P A Osborne, Gloucesters.
Second-Lieut G W A Park, East Yorks.
Lieut-Colonel C P Porch, Northumberlands.
Major R G M Pritchard, Yeomanry.
Second-Lieut C H S Rand, Northumberlands
Major A Robertson, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut E T Rogers, Northumberlands
Second-Lieut E Ryle, Northumberlands.
Major E L Sonance Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut A B Stewart, Royal Scots.
Major G L Thompson, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut E H Villar, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H Weightman, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut C H White, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut M West-Thompson, Flying Corps.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED WOUNDED NOW WOUNDED AND MISSING.

Second-Lieut J S Carrothers, Inniskillings.

WOUNDED MISSING.

Captain J T Bromley, Manchesters.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut W E de B Diamond, Flying Corps.
Lieut N C Saward, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut K R Sayres, West Kents.
Second-Lieut O H Watson, Londons.
Second-Lieut A D Woodcock, West Yorks.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED WOUNDED AND MISSING NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut H L Rundle, Devons.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING NOW KILLED.

Lieut D Fairley, York and Lancs.
Second-Lieut L B Forrest, Rifle Corps.
Second-Lieut W Gibson, Royal Scots.
Lieut F P Haines, Leicesters.
Second-Lieut L A McPherson, Flying Corps.
Captain L S Platt, Lancers.
Second-Lieut J H Sayer, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut C M Skottowe, South Lancs.
Second-Lieut E H Wood, Hampshires.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut J Dent, Field Artillery.
Captain W A Grey-Wilson, Durhams.
Second-Lieut V Page, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J Peterson, Devons.
Second-Lieut H C W Reid, North Staffords.
Captain D E Scott, Medicals.
Second-Lieut V C C Smith, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut J P Stephens, Field Artillery.
Lieut F S Sutherlands, Highland Light Infantry.
Captain C W Turner, Cornwalls.
Second-Lieut A B Wilkinson, Field Artillery.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED PRISONERS NOW WOUNDED AND PRISONERS.

Second-Lieut J Clancy, Munsters.
Second-Lieut E P Cooper, East Yorks.
Second-Lieut T F Harrington, East Kents.
Captain R J Hillier, East Surreys.
Second-Lieut D R Morrish, East Yorks.
Second-Lieut O H Staff, West Yorks.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING BELIEVED KILLED NOW WOUNDED AND PRISONER.

Second-Lieut J D M Richards, Welsh Fusiliers.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING NOW PRISONERS.

Second-Lieut J B A Hope, Border Regiment
Captain F N Hudson, East Kents.
Second-Lieut K D McNeill, Highland Light Infantry.
Captain H O D Wilkins, Bedfords.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED WOUNDED NOW NOT WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut B Wade, West Kents.

OFFICIAL CORRECTION.—WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut D H Ward, South Staffords, should read South Lancs.

LONDON, Sept 21.

KILLED.

Second-Lieut R Bourne, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H E Jobling, Leinsters.
Second-Lieut B F Kerley, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut S E Nott, Sussex.
Second-Lieut E D Skinner, Manchesters.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING BELIEVED WOUNDED NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut C D Yearwood, Yorkshire Light Infantry.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut F A Haycroft, Kings Royal Rifles.
Capt D Sinclair, Cameronians.
Second-Lieut W H Woodroffe, West Kents.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Capt D Davies, Welsh Regiment.
Second-Lieut A E C Harris, Warwicks.
Lieut J E Keer, Machinegun Corps.
Capt H F Telford, Northumberlands.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED NOW DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieut R N Treadwell, Flying Corps.

DIED.

Second-Lieut Frederick Crittenden, Garrison Artillery.
Lieut J R Eaton, Service Corps.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut M Asquith, York and Lancasters.
Lieut T R Benson, Engineers.
Second-Lieut E G Brassey, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H S Butler, Service Corps.
Lieut C S Callingham, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H A Chalmers, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut J C Chatterton, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut S D Cooke, East Lancashires.
Second-Lieut W F Cooke, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut J P Copinger, Oxford and Bucks.
Capt W S Courtis, Engineers.
Second-Lieut C B Dallas, King Royal Rifles.
Second-Lieut C B Douglas, Manchesters.
Lieut E K Edge, North Lancashires.
Capt R N Ekins, Machinegun Corps.
Second-Lieut D S Gay, Black Watch.
Second-Lieut M Goodman, Service Corps.
Second-Lieut H R Guest, Oxford and Bucks.
Second-Lieut H H Harman, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut J Hill, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut D W Hobson, York and Lancasters.
Second-Lieut W R Holdsworth, East Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut A Hope, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut H Kilner, North Lancashires.
Second-Lieut H L Lewis, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut F F Licence, West Kents.
Second-Lieut A Mclean, Field Artillery.
Lieut R C Marshall, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W C Pearce, Field Artillery.
Lieut W Reeve, Machinegun Corps.
Capt C H L Rixon, Medicals.
Second-Lieut F O Rogers, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut J D Scott, Scottish Borderers.
Lieut R M Simpson, Service Corps.
Second-Lieut B W Smith, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H Stocken, Oxford and Bucks.
Second-Lieut G Thompson, Engineers.
Second-Lieut G Thorley, Manchesters.
Capt R G Tomlinson, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut G E Tune, York and Lancasters.
Second-Lieut A P Veale, Engineers.
Capt W R White, Irish Rifles.
Lieut T S Wood, Field Artillery.
Lieut F Yorke, Cheshires.

MISSING.

Lieut O L McMaking, Yeomanry.
Second-Lieut O C Pearson, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut G P Robertson, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut A J S Sisley, Flying Corps.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW DIED OF WOUNDS AS PRISONER.

Second-Lieut C J B Masefield, North Staffords.

DIED.

Miss E M Gordon, Voluntary Aid Detachment.

OFFICIAL CORRECTION.

Delate WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut W L Brigge, Lancasters.

NAVAL CASUALTY.

LONDON, Sept. 26.

WOUNDED.

Flight Sub-Lieut Gordon S. Harrower, R. N.
Flight Sub-Lieut William C Johnston, R. N.

ACCIDENTALLY INJURED.

Probationary Flight Officer Joseph S. Stauffer, R. N.

OFFICIAL CORRECTION. KILLED.

Lieut Henry, N. Lesly, R. N. should read Lesley.

LONDON, Sept. 27.

DIED OF INJURIES.

Probationary Flight Officer Keith Lockie, R. N.

DIED.

Engineer Capt. Edwin Cornish, R. N.

MISSING.

Flight Sub-Lieut Alfred W Phillips, R. N.
Flight Sub-Lieut Edgar Foster, R. N.

WOUNDED.

Acting Flight Commander Philip S. Fisher, R. N.
Flight Sub-Lieut William L Jordon, R. N.

ACCIDENTALLY INJURED.

Acting Sub-Lieut Hubert B Stocken, R. N.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING BELIEVED KILLED NOW KILLED.

Flight Sub-Lieut Mosley G Woodhouse, R. N.

ROYAL NAVAL DIVISION.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW KILLED.

Lieut Neville I Lion, Marine Lights.

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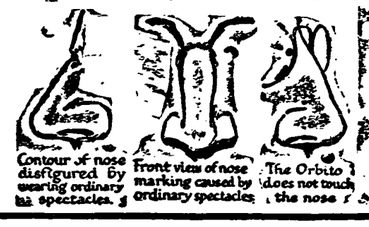
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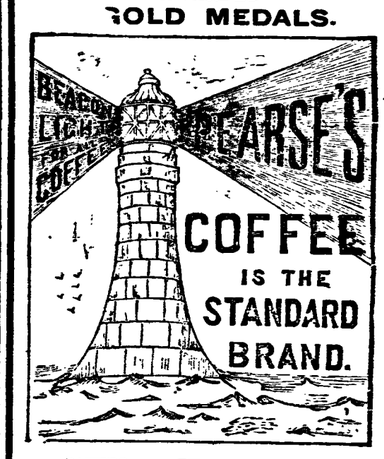

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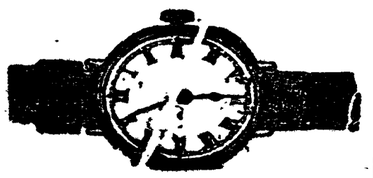

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